# McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXII. SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1885. NUMBER 18.

McKean County Miner

[illegible] Proprietor

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

[illegible]

1885

[illegible]

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

[illegible]

I. O. O. F.

[illegible]

Churches.

[illegible]

Roman Catholic Church. [illegible] Mass at [illegible] Sunday school at 3 p. [illegible]

Borough Officers.

[illegible]

Official Directory.

[illegible]

Hotels.

WRIGHT HOUSE.
MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
S. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.
First class in every Respect.
[illegible]

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,
MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
F. N. TAYLOR, Prop'r.
FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.
[illegible]

Exchange Hotel,
NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.
J. H. SOWERS, Proprietor.
[illegible]

BUCKTAIL HOTEL
KANE, PA.
[illegible] PROPRIETOR.
[illegible] and one of the [illegible] County.

AGENTS Wanted for [illegible] Books & Bibles
[illegible]

AGENTS WANTED for DR. SCOTT'S [illegible]
DR. SCOTT, 842 Broadway St., N.Y.

WIN [illegible]

## Professional Cards

*Attorneys.*

BYRON D. HAMLIN. DELANO R. HAMLIN.

**HAMLIN & SON.**

**LAW AND LAND OFFICE**

Smethport, Pa.

Advice and Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect and [illegible] Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

[illegible] ROST H. ROSE.

**BURRITT & ROSE.**

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS

(Office in Backus Block.)

SMETHPORT, PA.

JOHN C. BACKUS. SHERIDAN GORTON.

**BACKUS & GORTON.**

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

*Office—Sartwell Block, Main Street.*

**E. L. KEENAN.**

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

OVER 2—Grand Central Hotel, [illegible]

SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business attended to promptly.

**ORR & KOESTER.**

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office [illegible]

Bradford, Pa.

[illegible]

**MORRISON & APPLE.**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

OFFICE. Nearly opposite the [illegible]

SMETHPORT, PA.

[illegible]

**MULLINS & [illegible]SON.**

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

SMETHPORT, PA.

[illegible]

**W. B. CHAPMAN & SON.**

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

OIL EXCHANGE,

BRADFORD, PA.

**P. FORD.**

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

*Office Hamer Block, Church Street.*

Smethport, Pa.

**J. K. WALLACE.**

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

*BRADFORD PA.*

[illegible]

**M[illegible] & [illegible].**

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

ROOM [illegible] PRODUCERS' EXCHANGE

BRADFORD, PA.

**GEO. A. SHERMAN.**

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Room 10 Oil Exchange

BRADFORD, PA.

[illegible]

**STONE & WELL.**

Attorneys and Counsellors at law

Office in Pompelon Hall

Bradford, Pa.

**MULLIN & McCLURE.**

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

Corner Main and Pine Sts.

Bradford, Pa.

**JAMES C. BOYCE.**

ATTORNEY AT - LAW,

AND COUNSELLOR IN PATENT CAUSES.

Office Room 1 Cor Main & Webster Sts.

Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

**E. R. MAYO.**

Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

*Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.*

*Physicians.*

**E. O. BROWN.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE Room No. 1 [illegible] House

SMETHPORT, PA.

**H. L. McCOY.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office [illegible] Main street.

Smethport, Pa.

**S. D. FREEMAN.**

Surgeon, Obstetrician and Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

[illegible]

Smethport, Pa.

**R. J. SHARP.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

[illegible]

Smethport, Pa.

**EVAN O. KANE.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Kane, Pa.

Surgeon [illegible] Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Co. [illegible]

*MISCELLANEOUS.*

**S. A. BISHOP.**

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

Smethport, Pa.

**P. R. COTTER.**

ATTORNEY AT - LAW,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

**SNYDER & COLGROVE.**

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW,

OFFICES. Port Allegany, McKean county and Coudersport, Potter county, Pa.

Broezel's Hotel,
cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
First Class in every respect.
John Broezel - Prop'r.

AGENTS Wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The [illegible] book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Augusta, Maine.

## MODERN USAGES.

[Chicago Sun.]

Sing a song of nonsense,
Sally Mary Ann,
Maw is in the kitchen
Working like a man.

Paw is in the counting-house
Toiling hard for money.
You are in the parlor,
Don't you think it funny?

Sing your song of nonsense,
Sometime Mary Ann,
You'll be in the kitchen
Working like a man.

Husband in the counting-house,
Earning little money
Daughter in the parlor
Then it won't be funny

## AN INCIDENT OF 1840.

### A Letter That Brought Tears to the Eyes of Daniel Webster.

[Ben Perley Poore.]

Among other pleasing incidents of the [illegible] campaign of 1840, was one thus described by Representative Halsted, of New Jersey. At the recent Whig convention held at Worcester, Mass., the lady of Honest John Davis, the present senator from that state, sent word to the committee of arrangements that she had nine beds in which she could accommodate nine Whig delegates, or if they were good-natured men, eighteen, and she invited forty or fifty of the delegates to dine with her. Having made all preparations for her invited guests, she repaired to the convention to hear the Whig orators. After the speaking was over she hurried home for the purpose of receiving her expected company, but she had scarcely reached her house before the sound of martial music saluted her ear.

She approached the window and there she saw drawn up before her door a band of [illegible] men, who sent a deputation to her to say that they would do themselves the honor of taking dinner with her. At this unexpected announcement her woman's heart at first sank within her, but instantly the good, genuine Whig spirit which is always equal to any emergency, rallied and, by its renovating energy at once restored her to her wonted composure. [illegible] what she did was to say [illegible] the [illegible] I never [illegible] partake with me my [illegible] [illegible] This [illegible] she at once set about extending her tables and replenishing her larder with provisions for this occasion. [illegible] guests and with that admirable management which characterizes [illegible] she was soon able to accommodate the whole of her guests expected and unexpected, for they also [illegible] filled.

How many baskets of fragments there were left I did not learn, but I suppose, [illegible] enough [illegible] all the poor in the neighborhood for a week to come. In her letter to her husband this day [illegible] Whig matron said that the wine and water, bread and hard cider flowed, in streams, and the way that Honest John Davis's wife's cakes disappeared was a caution. When Honest John received this letter describing in these true and graphic colors which a woman's pen alone can give to such a scene, he was sitting in the senate chamber and when he read the big round tears rolled down his manly cheeks and he wiped them away. he said to himself: "What a fool I am to be so affected." After he had perused the letter he handed it to Mr. Webster, saying: "[illegible] Webster, you may [illegible] take pleasure in reading my wife's letter [illegible]." Webster took the letter and as he read, Honest John watched the workings of his noble features and he soon saw the tear glistening in his large black eye and then rolling down the bronzed cheek of this intellectual giant, and almost John said to himself: "Well, I'm not so great a [illegible] after all." When Webster had finished reading he drew a long breath, grasped the hand of Honest John and said: "Sir, it is the best letter I ever read in my life. Now my fair heroine [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] Whig [illegible] Whig is worth a kingdom and the tears which are [illegible] forth from the eyes of such men as John Davis and Daniel Webster were more precious than all the gems that ever sparkled in a royal diadem.

### Art-Work in Our Schools.

[Leland's Letter.]

Yet I think that America could to advantage take one hint from England in the matter of introducing hand work in schools. I think that measures might be taken to form in every American village a class to learn some kind of practical art work, and teach children and girls and all who have any leisure or ingenuity [illegible] or a desire to [illegible] something or a little money how to do it. There is always somebody among our Americans clever enough to lead in such a movement. Of more than [illegible] pupils I have found one incapable of learning decorative or industrial art.

I have just received a letter from an American gentleman who tells me that he has in a very short time taught a colored boy how to work beautiful patterns of many designs in sheet brass. He says that he was astonished because it was not even suspected that the boy had any talent in this direction. I should have been very much astonished if he had not possessed it. I have had many colored boys and girls for pupils, Americans, Germans, Irish and Jews, but I never thought about them having "talent or wanting it"—I set them at work and they worked, and did it well if they "remained steadily at it," or long enough.

I should like to see such a league formed in America as exists here in England—a league pledged to introduce work into every school, a league embracing every teacher of art, which may succeed in a few years to make a knowledge of an art (I do not mean a fine art) as essential to the humblest education. It could advance in America and put America first and foremost in a movement which is inevitably destined to overrun the world. It is a fact as it is, that the introduction of the only kind of work to schools of which children are really capable was first practically carried out in America. What we now want is that the people at large shall take up the idea and carry it to completion.

### Baltimore's Baby Camel.

[Baltimore Sun.]

Druid Hill park now rejoices in a baby camel. The new arrival is a female. The youngster, when standing, is about four feet high, and is thickly covered with wooley hair of very dark color, the hair on the head, legs and hump being black. The large, black eyes and long, goose-shaped head give the animal a very comical appearance. The legs are almost as long now as they ever will be, and the hump is a jolly little mass of fat that rolls about under one's hand and trembles like a bowl of jelly. Its mouth is as tender as that of a new born babe, and the gums are soft pink. It spends most of its time lying down, and when roused up and kept on its feet it shuts its eyes and persists in dozing off again. It cries when hungry or lonesome not unlike a human baby.

### About Equal.

[Norristown Herald.]

A German scientist says the attractive power of the earth is 42,319,000,000,000,000,000 tons. This about equals the attractive power of the roller-skating rinks in this country.

### Early [illegible] the First Potato.

The Caterer says that "the potato introduced into England in 1580 was first eaten as a sweetmeat, baked in sack wine and sugar."

## TENDING THE BABY.

### A Mistake Some Parents Make—A Lesson of Justice.

[Burlington Hawkeye.]

Is it fair for a parent to sacrifice the health of one child to gratify another's whim? The very suggestion impresses one as preposterous. Yet this very thing is done every day to our certain knowledge, and by more than one parent, too. A delicate little girl, probably 10 years of age may be seen passing our door almost any hour of the day lugging a great fat baby that she ought not even be allowed to lift. And this is her regular work for twelve hours out of every twenty-four with hardly a half hour's relief at a time.

Her [illegible] tired little face never fails to touch our heart with sympathy, and we have longed to take the child from her and set her free to enjoy a little bit of childhood before it be forever gone from her.

But feeling that this would not do we have taken occasion in the most natural and gentle manner at our command to impress the mother with some appreciation of what she is doing.

"Yes, indeed," said we a few evenings since. "Bertie is a fine boy. Let's see, he must be near a year old now, isn't he?"

"Oh, yes, and so large for his age."

"He is large. How much do you suppose he would weigh?"

"Well, I shouldn't be surprised if he brought the scales down to thirty pounds."

"Thirty pounds! My! What a load for little Mary."

"Yes, but he takes her the best of any [illegible]."

[illegible] her carrying him [illegible] her [illegible] I would not let her do [illegible] if she were mine."

"Well [illegible] if she doesn't [illegible]."

"Yes, that's it—that's just the [illegible] with [illegible] other half dozen babies we [illegible] killing another sister or brother." And the poor tender parent can't endure to hear the baby cry a little from crossness if he is big or [illegible]. That is too cruel to [illegible] that the parent [illegible] child is being [illegible] of childhood [illegible] bodily health, for all [illegible] isn't quite [illegible] the parent for the [illegible] who has learned [illegible] the little tyrant [illegible] right and some [illegible] makes things uncomfort[illegible].

[illegible] that humanity is [illegible] from the earliest time even own [illegible]. And nothing short of [illegible] of God and some [illegible] to teach men [illegible] lesson of simple justice even to their own children.

### Life in the Polar Regions.

[illegible]

[illegible] idea of a [illegible] The icebergs [illegible] whirled along a [illegible] The huge crystal mountains [illegible] each other, backward and forward, bursting each with a roar [illegible] returning to the [illegible] in a cloud of spray [illegible] fall after [illegible] the crack of a whiplash on [illegible].

[illegible] a huge [illegible] whale comes for an instant [illegible] to the surface. When [illegible] sun grazes the horizon [illegible] mountains and the [illegible] immersed in a wave of beautiful [illegible].

The [illegible] is by no means so insupportable as is supposed. We passed from a heated [illegible] at 30 degrees above zero [illegible] in the open air without inconvenience. A [illegible] cold becomes, however, insufferable if there is wind.

At [illegible] degrees below zero a steam as from a boiling kettle rises from the water. At once frozen by the wind it falls in a fine powder. This phenomenon is called [illegible]. At 40 degrees the snow and human bodies also smoke, which smoke changes at once into millions of tiny particles like needles of ice, which fill the air and make a light continuous noise like the rustle of silk.

At this temperature the trunks of trees burst with loud report, the rocks break up and the earth vomits smoking water. Knives break in cutting butter. Cigars go out by contact with the ice on [illegible] beard. To talk is fatiguing. At night the eyelids are covered with a crust of ice which must be carefully removed before one can open them.

### A New Departure in Passenger Boats.

[New York Letter.]

The vessel that is exciting wide interest among the Long Island sound steamboatmen is the new large side-wheeler for the New York & Providence line. The steamer is built of wood, and is 305 feet long over all, 43 feet beam and 16 feet in depth.

But the great attraction, the novel feature about the new craft, is the engine, which is an experiment here. It is the first of its type that ever was built in this country, being designated as an oscillating compound surface condensing direct acting side wheel engine. This type of engine has always been used by side wheel steamers in England and it has many advantages over the beam engine that is so common to American steamboats. The oscillating engine occupies less room, and the weight of the machinery is carried much lower down than that of the beam engine, which adds immensely to the vessel's stability. The Roaches are furnishing the machinery and there are to be eight tubular boilers capable of sustaining eighty pounds pressure. The engines consist of one set of oscillating cylinders, the low pressure one being seventy-eight inches in diameter and the high pressure forty-two inches, with ten feet six inches stroke of piston. The stroke also excited much comment owing to its length.

As can be seen by professional men the feature of the stroke of the engines is strictly American, being so much longer than the English stroke, which would be about six feet. The long stroke has always been much favored by American marine engineers, who claim for it a higher degree of economy than the short-stroke engine can produce. This departure will be watched with much interest by many experts in engine economy, some of whom assert that so long a stroke for this type of engine is incompatible with a practical efficiency. The steamer will have feathering paddle wheels, and is expected to be fast with a limited consumption of coal. She will begin running this fall. Her cost is placed at $250,000.

### Purifying Water by Motion.

[Scientific Journal.]

Dr. Pohl, of St. Petersburg, claims to have made the important discovery that motion destroys the impurities of water. At a test when water was brought into rapid motion for an hour by means of a centrifugal machine the number of developing germs was reduced by 90 per cent. Further experiments will show if the destruction of germs is due to the motion of the mass of water or to molecular motion. If this discovery of Dr. Pohl's be confirmed, it will become possible to destroy bacteria and render water comparatively pure simply by passing it through a centrifugal machine.

Horological Review: Procrastination is the thief of time, but a prompt business man is the noblest work of God.

## THE SNOWFLAKE'S FALL.

[W. E. Haddle.]

Float from your pinnacle on high and fall
Upon the graves of disappointed hopes
That nestle in the forests everywhere
Become a mantle for the darkened beasts
That vice has given to the stricken world—
A cloak to cover up the sins that men
Have perpetrated 'gainst their fellow-men,
And some the sins against their God, whose hand
Has bared their evil hearts, and stripped them of
Their foliage of goodness, and betrayed
The naked branches, which as pleading arms
Are lifted up in futile prayer to Him.

## THE BURNING QUESTION.

### Brother Gardner to the Point on Charity and Economy.

[Lime-Kiln Club.]

When I find a sober, industrious workingman who am out o' work I am gwine to reason dat it am de natural consequence of de general depreshun in bizness. When I find dat same pusson in want o' bread I am gwine to ax him sartin queshuns. I want to know what he did wid his wages. If he libed as he came a man airnin $2 per day I want to know why he hasn't sunthin laid up. If he airned $2 per day and libed at de rate of $25 per week I has no furder use fur him.

Each winter we hear dis cry of charity. Each winter de man who has managed to save up a leetle am told dat it am his solemn dooty to hand a part of it ober to charity. We am not to ax men an' women whether they worked or idled de summer away, whether deir airnins went for luxuries or necessities, whether they spent wid a free hand or denied demselves a single thing. If de sales of beer an tobacco depended on de rich an moderately well-off de bizness would decrease two-thirds. If our summer excursion boats depended on de same classes dey couldn't run. If our street cars had no other patrons dey would stop deir trips. Our circuses an' theaters am supported by de workin classes. Our toy stores an' bazaars make few sales to de rich.

Nineteen out of twenty of our workingmen use ebery dollar of deir wages from week to week, an' not one laborer in fifty am satisfied to lib on his airnins. De rich practice economy, de poor waste an' destroy. In my humble cabin we practice economy. We remake an' remodel. We color over old clothes, an' peel [illegible] close. If I airn $7 a week we stop when we hev spent $5. When de fall comes an' winter comes we has sunthin laid up. Does dat sunthin belong to us, who have pinched an' planned an' saved, or to charity, which means de man who has idled half his time away an' had his tobacco and beer regularly, which means de woman who has dressed in silks when she orter hev dressed in caliker—which means de family who has had oysters on Sundays when I had corned beef? I ax no man to close his heart or purse agin honest people who hev met wid bad luck, but de so-called charity of to-day am a premium on idleness and extravagance—an aid in maintainin' a class of leeches who have neither shame, industry nor gratitude.

### The Tooth Factory.

[New York Mail and Express.]

The domain of the dentist is about to be disputed. A great discovery has been made which will revolutionize the whole business and emancipate the sufferers. A factory has been established, with plenty of capital to back it, for the purpose of making sets of artificial teeth by machinery. All that anyone who is troubled with his teeth will have to do will be to get them all pulled out. Then he can purchase a brand new machine made set and be exempt from toothache all the rest of his life.

There is, of course, nothing new in the making and using of artificial teeth, but it will be easily seen that the manufacture by machinery presents great advantages. When the making of watches by machinery was started there were many protests that the new way would never be as good as the old. But the exactness soon attained and the convenience of having the parts interchangeable brought about a revolution and the factory watches now rank above the hand made. The same advantages will be had in the factory teeth. If one set gets broken, or comes out an exactly similar one can be ordered from the factory at very small cost. If the plate gets cracked it can be replaced in the same way. All that is necessary will be to give the number of the plate, and a new one precisely like the old, will be sent by return mail.

### How Coffee is Graded.

[Exchange.]

The reason that Rio coffee is not quoted high in the market is that only the lower grades of Brazilian coffee are called Rio coffee. The best coffee from Rio de Janeiro is called 'Java,' 'Mocha,' etc. You see the planters send their coffee to Rio and then it is all mixed together, the good and the bad, in order to get an average price. When it gets here it is taken to large coffee houses, where the work done in Rio is undone, the coffee being sorted out into different grades and various names given it. The lowest grade is called Rio. As a matter of fact some of the best coffee we get comes from Brazil.

### A Startling Project.

[Scientific Journal.]

One of the most startling projects of the times is to illumine the Atlantic ocean by means of electric lights—actually to make a path of silver light across the water from the banks of Newfoundland to the shores of Ireland. Ten vessels are to be anchored at a distance of 200 miles from one another in a straight line, each riding at a mushroom anchor "which permits the vessel swinging round with the tide without fouling her anchor." These light ships are also to be connected together and to the shore by an electric cable, and be able to send messages to any part of the world.

### How He Acquired an Estate.

[Manchester Courier.]

One day at the parade of his guard, the Emperor Paul I of Russia was excessively indignant at one of his officers who was not a good horseman. "Cash-ier him, and send him to his estate, and he to the commanding general. "Pardon me, sire," answered the latter, "he has no estate." "Then give him one," exclaimed the emperor as he rode away. This answer was not only original, but imperial, for, having been once uttered, the emperor must keep his promise. The officer, therefore, was made possessor of an estate, in order to live in banishment upon it.

### A Hint to Teachers.

[Superintendent A. E. Burnett.]

When naught in moral training is done convicts behind the grated bars sigh in their slumbers. This country is overstocked with educated rascals. What the schools need is not more of arithmetic and grammar, but more of heart culture—of esthetic and moral training, less cramming and driving for per cents, more moral instruction.

The world needs good men, as well as good accountants and grammarians, and there is to-day less lack of intelligence than of public virtue and private fair dealing, less lack of knowledge than of an inclination toward a noble life—a life of justice, kindness and mercy.

### Cautious Indorsement.

[Philadelphia Call.]

Milkman—Two quarts? Yes, mum. Here it is. Only 16 cents, mum.

Housekeeper—But stop. Isn't there something the matter with this milk?

Milkman—Oh, no, mum. Perfectly pure, mum. Don't it look tempting now, mum?

Housekeeper—Well, I must say it does make my mouth water.

### The Tenacity of Gold Leaf.

[Scientific American.]

If a sheet of gold leaf is held up against the light, it appears to be of a vivid dark green color, this means that the light is transmitted through the leaf. When it is considered that this leaf is a piece of solid metal, a better idea of the extreme tenuity of thickness of the leaf can be comprehended than by any comparison by figures nothing else made by the hand of man equals it in thinness. This extreme thinness is produced by patient hammering, the hammers weighing from seven to twenty pounds, the lighter hammers being first used. When the true method of this beating is understood, the wonder expressed sometimes that gold leaf beating should not be relegated to machinery ceases, the art belongs to the highest department of human skill and judgment. Apprentices have served a term, and have been compelled to abandon the business because they never could acquire the requisite skill and judgment combined necessary to become successful workmen.

The only pure gold leaf is that used by dentists for filling carious teeth, and it is called foil. It is left much thicker than the gold leaf for gilding—indeed, it could not be beaten so thin. For thin or leaf gold an alloy of silver and copper is required to impart the requisite tenacity. Dentist's foil weighs six grains, five, four and three grains per sheet, or leaf, according to its thickness. The last operation on the leaf is annealing. This is done over a charcoal fire, the leaf being laid singly in a sort of corn popper—a square receptacle with wire bottom at the end of a handle—over which is held a similar cover to prevent the flame from carrying the leaf away. An instant's exposure to the flame induces a red heat, when the leaf is laid on a sheet of a book.

The material for gold leaf and dentist's foil is coin gold. The gold is precipitated by muriatic and nitric acids over a fire to separate the gold and silver, the copper of the alloy passing off in the heat.

### A Surgeon's Process to Remove Scars.

[Chicago Journal.]

Scars are always unsightly and are often painful or inconvenient on account of their propensity to contract as they become older. Dr. Ward of New York asserts that they may be removed by manipulation which he directs to be employed as follows: Place the ends of two or three fingers on a scar if it be a small one and on the margin if it be large, and vibrate the surface of the tissues beneath. The surface itself is not to be subjected to any friction, all the motion must be between the integument and the deeper parts. The location of the vibratory motion should be changed every ten or fifteen seconds until the whole scar has been treated if it be of moderate size.

If the scar be the result of a large scald or burn the margin only should be treated at first, the advances toward the center should be deferred until the nutrition of the margins has been decidedly improved. Only a little treatment should be applied to any one spot at the same time, but the vibrations should be repeated as many as twenty times a day, but never with sufficient frequency or severity to cause pain. If the scar becomes irritable, suspend treatment until it subsides. In the course of two or three weeks of faithful treatment the surfaces of the scars of moderate size become more movable and will begin to wrinkle like true skin when pressed from side to side. These changes are due to improved nutrition, consequent on better blood circulation, the development of entirely new sets of blood vessels in the cicatricial tissue.

### Ill-bred Smokers.

[Exchange.]

There is no one thing perhaps, in which the difference between the well bred man and the ill bred man more appears than in the manner in which the place where, and the time when they smoke. The well bred man does not smoke nor does he seem to smoke to show off, whereas the ill bred man very often smokes in a self conscious manner that seems to say: "Look at me, see how skillfully my lips hold this cigar, how I can shift it from one side to the other without touching it with my fingers and how I can articulate with it in my mouth; in short, look you what perfect control I have over my labial muscles, and, having seen, admire."

In short, there are many low-bred young men—very many—that appear to smoke only to display their imagined grace and skill when, in fact, in smoking as they do, where they do, and when they do, they but publish their vulgarity. The well bred man on the contrary, the gentleman, the man that smokes only for the love of it, puts but as much of his cigar in his mouth as is necessary in order to draw it, keeps it in his mouth no longer than is necessary and never fails to remove it when he talks or passes any one to whom he would be respectful, especially a lady. Further, our best bred men never smoke in any street at an hour when it is much frequented.

### Army of the Potomac.

[Ben Perley Poore.]

The Army of the Potomac, encamped around Washington during the winter of 1861–62, made itself very comfortable as the days began to lengthen. There was daily drilling, holiday games, flag presentations, and investigations by congressional committees, but no forward movement. The camps of over 100 regiments presented to the visitor's eye a spectacle of perfect regularity and exemplary neatness, while the interior of the tents was invariably well warmed and furnished with as many comforts as the circumstances of a state of war and the expectation of hasty removal at no distant date would allow. The men were also comfortably clothed for the season, and seldom made any complaints, even when inquired of as to their wants. The wonderful mildness of the weather had prevented any suffering from cold, and the worst storm was only a gale of wind which twisted and tore the Christmas greens, with which some camps were profusely decorated, till their arches, suns, moons, stars, and mottoes looked as if the witches had been holding saturnalia among them. The ground was dry and white as an Italian highway, yielding a cloud of dust to every passing flurry of wind. Each cooking place was fenced in by a wall of loose stones, within which stood the cook and his assistants, gravely presiding over rows of seething caldrons, which emitted teeming odors not wholly ungrateful to nostrils that had been sniffing the keen wind over the hills for a few hours.

### One of Them Was Posted.

[San Francisco Wasp.]

An old railroad contractor, who had recently married a young wife, committed a faux pas at the dinner table one day at a hotel in Haverhill, Mass. His wife immediately reprimanded him, precisely as she might have corrected a child. After dinner a friend said to him:

"I think your wife should keep such things to say to you in private."

The old man said: "She did just right. Do you suppose I want all these fools to think we are both fools?"

### The New Word "Literarian."

[Chicago Herald.]

A new word, "literarian," a person devoted to literary pursuits, is proposed by The Literary World, which says: "Litterateur is foreign, literary man is awkward, besides being restricted in gender, literarian, following the analogy of 'parliamentarian,' is natural, it is also sensible and convenient."

Cromwell considered as his lucky day Sept. 3, and Napoleon Dec. 2.

## THE NARROW WALK.

[Life.]

Just wide enough for two to walk;
Just close enough for two to walk,
And never room for three.
Two narrow boards a foot apart—
The cause of many a fluttering heart,
As any one might see.
Ah, wicked walk! Ah, tricksy walk!
Just close enough for two to talk.

## DERBYSHIRE FARMERS.

### A Gala Day at Knowle Hills—Simple Reels and Country Dances.

[Frank I. Jervis in The Current.]

A lovelier spot, or one more appropriate for a rural fete, could not be found search England through. A large yard contiguous to, but out of sight of the lawn, accommodates the country conveyances, the market cart, the gig, the sociable and even the heavy farm wagon, which have brought the merry makers together, and here the teams are plentifully supplied with clover and fresh-cut grass. Long tables are spread with snowy tablecloths redolent of lavender. China and glassware in profusion are provided by the good housewives, who pride themselves on thus displaying the glory of their cupboards and dressers.

Barrels of old October, from the cool recesses of the Burton cellars of Bass or Tom Salt, are mounted on trestles, under a protecting roof of gray limestone tiles, which once formed the eaves of a guard-room to the Keep; a plentiful supply of Bristol birdseye tobacco and long Broseley clay pipes occupy a neighboring table. Away down in the dingle kettles are swinging on "lazybacks" and pot hooks over a fire of dried boughs and roots, and the water is provided for the tea.

The fiddlers are mounted on a platform at the opposite extremity of the lawn, and by 2 o'clock the dancing commences. In my boyhood's days there were none of your new fangled round dances, and even the lancers and other quadrilles were looked upon with suspicion as city innovations, though it must be confessed that every young fellow had in his waistcoat pocket a little guide from which he would furtively study the figure, so that if a couple were wanted to make up a set he might perchance seize the opportunity of dancing with some pretty girl who had been to boarding school, and looked with disdain on the simple reels and country dances of the rural districts.

But the "Shaking o' the Sheet," "Light of Love," "Sir Roger de Coverly," "Money Musk," and reels single, double, and three-handed, with an occasional hornpipe by an ambitious amateur, were the general favorites, while the old folks would sit by sipping and smoking, the dads in contemplation going courting with their boys, and the dames being wooed again in the attentions paid to their buxom girls. Couple by couple you would see stealing away, until the surrounding groves were peopled with whispering cooing lovers, and half the weddings which took place in the parish churches for ten miles round were arranged beneath the tall elms or broad, spreading beeches of Knowle hills.

### A Dog Who Thought.

[San Francisco Alta.]

Any one of a logical turn of mind who had been present upon the sea wall the other afternoon would most surely have been convinced of the fact that the dog is the smartest animal of the brute creation. A small dog fell from the stringer of the wharf into the bay. He swam around for some time in a circle and many plans were suggested for his rescue by witnesses to the misfortune, but none of them proved practicable. The little creature seemed doomed, for it was apparent that he was fast becoming exhausted.

Just at the moment that hopes of saving the terrier were given up the bark of a dog in the crowd attracted attention, and there appeared a large Newfoundland. He saw the dog in the water and with a low wail he ran to and fro along the wharf for a moment or two and then sprang into the water and swam to the terrier, seized him by the neck with his teeth and after swimming about for some time sighted the new sea wall extension about 100 yards distant for which he headed. He was eagerly watched by the admiring crowd until he reached his destination, when everybody started on a simultaneous run toward the rescuer. Upon landing his burden the Newfoundland gave two or three sharp barks and seemed to be proud of what he had done. It was some time before the terrier was able to gain strength to walk.

### The Last Gladiatorial Fight.

[Lew Wallace.]

In 404 Honorius was emperor. At that time in the remote deserts of Libya, there dwelt an obscure monk named Telemachus. He had heard of these awful scenes in the far off coliseum at Rome. Depend upon it, they lost nothing by their transit across the Mediterranean in the hands of Greek and Roman sailors. In the baths and market places of Alexandria in the Jewries of Cyrene in the mouth of every itinerant eastern story-teller the festive massacres of the coliseum would doubtless be clothed in colors truly very appalling, yet scarcely more appalling than the truth.

Telemachus brooded over these horrors until his mission dawned upon him. He was ordained by heaven to put an end to the slaughter of human beings in the coliseum. He made his way to Rome. He entered the coliseum with the throng, at the time the gladiators were parading in front of the emperor with uplifted swords and the wild mock cry of homage "Morituri te salutant." Bowing his way to the barrier, he leaped over at the moment when the combatants rushed at each other, threw himself between them, and bidding them in the name of Christ to desist. To blank astonishment succeeded imperial contempt and popular fury. Telemachus fell, slain by the swords of the gladiators.

Legend may adorn the tale and fancy fill out the picture, but the solid fact remains—there never was another gladiatorial fight in the coliseum. One heroic soul had caught the flow of popular feeling that had already begun to set in the direction of humanity and turned it. He had embodied by his act and consecrated by his death the sentiment that already lay timidly in the hearts of thousands in that great city of Rome.

### Oil From Pine Wood.

[Chicago Times.]

A distillery has lately been put in operation in Charleston, S. C., for manufacturing oil from pine wood. The material is subjected to intense heat in sealed retorts, and one cord of it is said to yield 15 gallons of turpentine, 80 gallons of pine wood oil, 50 bushels of charcoal, 150 gallons of wood vinegar, and a quantity of inflammable gas and vegetable asphaltum. The oil alone is worth about 25 cents a gallon, and is used by painters and shipbuilders. Apart from its commercial value, the process is interesting as showing how modern chemistry is able to supplant those old destructive chemical processes by which a single article was produced from a given material, and all the rest wasted or ruined.

### Poppies on the Battlefield.

[New York Mercury.]

On the two fields of Waterloo and Linden splendid crops of crimson poppies appear every year. The ground which nourishes these is packed with the remains of soldiers. The preparations of opium derived from the poppy have been used in the form of laudanum and paregoric. So, pain has been stilled by the remains of pain and death, and babies put to sleep by the dead bodies of men who fell in the deadly onslaught.

## IN A SUGAR REFINERY

### Following the Process from the Tenth Floor Down to the Basement.

[M. Quad's Letter.]

You know that sugar-cane is grown the same as corn, though it must be more highly cultivated. It is cut in season, and carted to the sugar mill, where the cane is crushed and the juice extracted. The juice or sap is the flattest stuff you ever tasted, and not at all like the sap from a sugar maple. It is run into pans and boiled down until sugar is left—a wet, coarse, dark stuff, the taste of which would disgust you.

Our southern sugar men seldom attempt to make a nice brown sugar, but barrel up the coarse material I spoke of and send it to the refiner, or rather, sell it to him.

To go through a refinery you must jump from the basement to the tenth floor and follow the process down instead of up. The sugar goes first into the basement and is dumped into the melters. These are iron caldrons eight or ten feet across the top and five or six feet deep, with perforated bottoms. Steam pipes are used to melt the sugar and the liquid drops down into the tanks. From those tanks it is pumped directly to the tenth floor into clarifiers. These are large iron tanks, steam heated, and the liquid is now kept at a heat of 200 degrees. The next move takes it down to the ninth floor. Pipes conduct it from the clarifiers to spouts below, and at each spout is a bag made of coarse material. The liquid strains through the bags into iron tanks on the eighth floor. These bags must be kept very clean, and the tubs to wash them in are handy by, while men, stripped to the waist, do the washing.

The liquid runs from the eighth floor to the seventh, and falls into huge iron pots sunk flush with the floor. Each one of these great pots is full of bone black—70,000 pounds in each pot. Bone-black is the dust of the bones of horses and cattle and it looks and feels like coarse blasting powder. It is a filter and a purifier. The liquid makes its way down through the bone-black to the sixth floor, and you now notice a great change in color. It has lost its dark and muddy look, and is as clean as common water. Iron tanks receive it as it filters through, and it is run off in pipes to other tanks on the fifth floor. From here it takes a boost back to the sixth floor, to go into the pans to be reheated, as the liquid is now getting cooled off. These pans are iron tanks with steam coils inside and the syrup is boiled for two hours and a half. As it comes down to the fifth floor again it runs into the mixer, and from that into the centrifugals on the fourth floor. These centrifugals are open iron tanks lined with brass, and perforated with thousands of small holes. They make 1,200 revolutions per minute as they turn the thick, sticky stuff into a fair grade of brown sugar. If you ever visit a steam laundry you will see them drying clothes by the same process. The centrifugal revolves with such speed that all the dampness is thrown out through the perforations.

Close at hand is the iron tanks go spinning around, are tubs of blue water, and the contents are ladled in to "tone" the sugar and further purify it. It runs now to the floor below and comes out in a hopper, in which are revolving knives [illegible] and dry the sugar [illegible] of the grade is the one [illegible] running on, the sugar is thrown [illegible] barreled. If a higher grade is desired it falls into a bin on the floor below and a man shovels it to an endless elevator and it is hoisted up one story again, and goes into the granulator. This is a large iron cylinder, kept constantly hot, and revolving like a coffee roaster. The office of this is to separate the grains and further dry the sugar. It comes out hot to the touch, and runs in spouts to the floor below.

You have seen a miller place a barrel under a spout and let it fill with flour. But this beats the miller all hollow. He must shake his own barrels to settle the contents, while in this case each barrel stands on an iron plate which keeps up a steady jolting, tilting the barrel about until the sugar packs as hard as sand. One man has charge of three spouts, and as he wheels the filled barrels off the shaker, a cooper stands ready to put in the head and crowd on the hoops. The barrels are sent up from the side walk on two endless chains, to which arms are attached at regular distances. The barrel rests against these arms until it is carried to a certain height, and it is then dumped off and rolls to the cooper's feet.

### A Novel Library of "Clippings."

[Farmers Journal.]

A simple, easy and inexpensive plan for saving newspaper articles one that has been found satisfactory under long trial, may be thus described. A case of drawers, such as are used for holding and exhibiting spools of silk thread was obtained for $5. In this cabinet were ten drawers, each divided into spaces about one and one-half by sixteen inches by thin strips of pine. Each alternate strip was removed thus making the divisions two and one-half inches wide. These were divided by a strip running across the others, thus making in each drawer sixteen compartments, or eighty divisions in all, each wide enough to receive ordinary newspaper slips and long enough for convenience.

On the front of each drawer was fixed the title of the general division or subject to which that drawer was devoted, the titles in this particular instance being on one cabinet "Cattle," the next drawer being labeled "Horses," the third "Sheep," the next "Swine," and the others "General," "Statistical," etc. On the top of the edge of the divisions in the "cattle" drawer the labels read in their order, respectively "Aberdeen Angus, Devon, Galloway, Hereford and Short horn cattle." Then came "Dairy Matters," followed by divisions for each established dairy breed, in alphabetical order. All the drawers were arranged on the same plan.

Another cabinet is arranged in like way for subjects relating to husbandry. In each division or space is a strip of thick, white cardboard, on the back of which is written the title of each article placed in that space or division. Two light rubber bands hold this cardboard and the newspaper scraps together, the latter being thus kept straight and in the order in which their titles appear on the index card. The work of filling such a library consists of cutting the articles out, placing them in the appropriate division, and writing their titles on the index cards. No paste is required, and but a very little time, is used. When information is needed on any given theme but a moment is needed to find all that has been preserved on the subject. The matter is the most convenient shape for reading or for other use, and can be returned to its proper place in an instant.

### Grant's Consideration for the Vanquished.

["Larp" in Cleveland Leader.]

One of the very marked features of Gen. Grant's life in the field was that no one ever came to his quarters on legitimate business or was brought there a prisoner who was not kindly and considerately treated. He was punctilious in having all persons who came properly to his quarters politely treated and cared for. He never gave offense himself, and would not tolerate it in others. No officer in the army ever lived more plainly than Gen. Grant, and none was more willing to divide what he had. After a successful battle he never exhibited the slightest boastful feeling. To have seen him and heard him talk one would suppose he had nothing to do with the battle if it were not for the orders he was dictating for the future movements of the army or for the burial of the dead or for the caring for the sick and wounded.

*MISCELLANEOUS.*

IT IS A SPECIFIC FOR Kidney & Liver Troubles, Bladder, Urinary and Liver Diseases, Dropsy, Gravel and Diabetes.

IT IS RELIABLE in curing Bright's Disease, Pains in the Back, Loins or Side, Retention or Non-Retention of Urine.

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

It cures [illegible]

IT WORKS PROMPTLY

and cures [illegible]

USE IT AT ONCE

It restores the KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS, to a healthy action and CURES when all other medicines fail. Hundreds have been saved who have been given up to die by friends and physicians.

Price $1.25. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet to

HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Special Testimony on Bright's Disease [illegible]

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER OF THE WORLD.

Catarrh has become so prevalent that scarcely a family is exempt, and it is truly the bane of the American race. [illegible]

NEVER-FAILING CURE

will be welcomed by all. KELLER'S Catarrh Remedy [illegible] failed in a single case where directions are followed. [illegible] Price $1 a bottle, [illegible] Keller & Co., Harrisburg, Pa. [illegible] For sale by Druggists generally. Wholesale by Johnston, Holloway & Co. and Smith, Kline & Co., Phila.

A HOME DRUGGIST TESTIFIES.

Popularity at home is not always the best test of merit, but we point proudly to the fact that no other medicine has won for itself such universal approbation in its own city, state, and country, and among all people, as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

The following letter from one of our best-known Massachusetts Druggists should be of interest to every sufferer:—

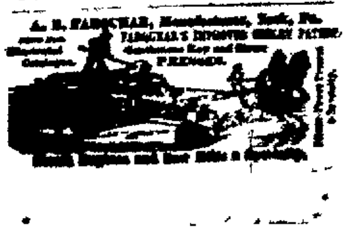
RHEUMATISM. "Eight years ago I had an attack of Rheumatism, so severe that I could not move from the bed, or dress, without help. I tried several remedies without much if any relief until I took AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, by the use of two bottles of which I was completely cured. Have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, and it still retains its wonderful popularity. The many notable cures it has effected in this vicinity convince me that it is the best blood medicine ever offered to the public. E. F. HARRIS."
River St., Buckland, Mass., May 13, 1882.

SALT RHEUM. GEORGE ANDREWS, overseer in the Lowell Carpet Corporation, was for over twenty years before his removal to Lowell afflicted with Salt Rheum in its worst form. Its ulcerations actually covered more than half the surface of his body and limbs. He was entirely cured by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. See certificate in Ayer's Almanac for 1883.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists, $1, six bottles for $5.

JEWELRY
All descriptions.
SILVER-WARE
The Best Made.
POCKET CUTLERY
TOYS,
A Full Assortment.
SPECTACLES
AND
EYE-GLASSES
And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.
I Will match the
'ROCKFORD'
Watches against the world for time and money.
All kinds of
REPAIRING
a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.
Call and See us.
M. L. Armstrong,
MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

New Carriage Shop
IN SMETHPORT.
CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS.
ALWAYS IN STOCK.
None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.
SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.
W. H. Wetenhall.
SMETHPORT March 19, 1881.—ly.

A. B. FARQUHAR, Manufacturer, York, Pa.
FARQUHAR'S [illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] Engines and [illegible] a Specialty.

# McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

Terms of subscription, payable in advance one year $1.50, six months, $1.00, three months, 75 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Executors and administrators notices $2.00 each for six insertions.

Professional cards not exceeding one inch $5.00 per year.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

H. BOOKER,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., May 1, 1885.

War has not yet been declared between England and Russia, but such an event seems inevitable in the near future.

---

The anti-discrimination bill passed the house on Wednesday last. It is questionable whether it will pass the senate in any form.

---

The Philadelphia *Record* says: Our great physicians are unable to tell one of two things—a cancer when they see it, or the truth.

---

It is said that Vice President Hendricks positively refuses to write any more letters or sign any more petitions for positions under the Cleveland administration.

---

The political horoscope figures out Lieut. Gov. Chauncey Black as the next nominee of the democratic party for governor. He is the noble Roman of them all.

---

The bill which proposed to classify the counties of the state and fix salaries instead of fees for county officers, is sleeping the sleep which knows no waking. It will not pass the senate where it originated.

---

A man by the name of Judd from Leadville, Colorado, called on President Cleveland on Friday of last week. He claims to be the author of the first article published in Colorado advocating Cleveland's nomination. He wants an office and why shouldn't he get one.

---

The legislature has had very much of its time taken up this winter with new charters for Philadelphia and Pittsburg. The senate has passed both bills but they will not get through the house before the very end of the session if then.

---

The nomination of Eben F. Pillsbury for collector of internal revenue is a sad wonder for the mugwumps of Boston and vicinity. They cannot understand how such an unconscionable political scoundrel can receive recognition from even a democratic president. They will get used to it.

---

The bill for an additional law judge in this judicial district will probably be amended in the house limiting it to a single term or perhaps to a term of five years. That limitation may induce the governor to sign the bill. In case he refuses and it is passed over his veto, who can compel him to make an appointment before the fall election?

---

The Virginia bourbons are the best repudiators now. It is within the recollection of the oldest citizen that the Riddleberger bill was denounced by that gang. Now the Richmond *Dispatch* and *State*, bourbon organs, declare that the democracy of Virginia will not favor any policy compelling the state to pay more of its debt than is provided for by the Riddleberger bill.

---

The people of Harrisburg never fail to impress upon non-residents the idea that the location of the state capitol in their city is of no benefit to them, but when a proposition is introduced in the legislature which barely squints in the direction of a change of location, their papers fairly scream in opposition. Why shouldn't they? There is not less than $500,000 distributed among the people of that town the years the legislature is in session, and a hundred thousand every other year.

---

John B. Stoll, Esq., publisher of the daily and weekly *Times*, of South Bend, Indiana, is booked for Government Printer. Mr. Stoll has been one of the popular stump orators for the democratic party in the West for the past twenty years. He is a practical printer and every way qualified for the position. Thus are the hopes of Tom Rogers and Mr. Butler of Buffalo and ex-Mayor Jordan of Bradford turned to ashes, making candidates out of poor material don't even pay now-a-days.

---

## COL. QUAY A CANDIDATE.

The somewhat startling announcement was made early this week that Col. M. S. Quay, now a resident of Beaver, was a candidate for the nomination of state treasurer before the next republican state convention. The announcement was subsequently confirmed by the Colonel informing his friends in Philadelphia that he was earnestly seeking the nomination, and should use his utmost endeavors to bring about that result. No man in Pennsylvania has a more extended acquaintance with the republican politicians of the state than Col. Quay, and among them he has a great many personal friends. His success will depend largely upon the question of availability among the leading politicians in the different sections of the state. It is understood that McDevitt of Lancaster will be faithfully and earnestly supported by C. L. Magee and his friends of Pittsburg, and it is not altogether certain that the McManes and Leeds factions of Philadelphia will support Quay. It looks now as though the contest for the nomination would be an exceedingly animated one.

## THE RIEL REBELLION.

At this distance it looks very much as though the Canadian government had its hands full in putting down the rebellion in its north western territory. The first brush between the Canadian forces and the rebels was at a point known as Clark's Crossing on Friday of last week. All the reports go to show that the rebels had the best of the fight. They were driven from one position but held a ravine from which their fire caused terrible havoc among the troops. Gen. Middleton who is in command of the Canadian forces evidently did not properly appreciate the fighting qualities of the half breeds, or he would not have sent raw volunteers unaccustomed to rifle shooting to dislodge from a stony position such accomplished sharpshooters as the rebels. The latter fired with deadly accuracy from behind shelter.

In a recent issue of the Harrisburg *Patriot* a very concise and interesting history of the causes which led to this rebellion was published and as the subject is one of interest at this time we take the liberty of reproducing it. That paper says:

"The present uprising in the north west territory in Canada is the result of agitation commenced about a year ago by Louis Riel the ringleader of the Red river rebellion in 1869 and is in part the revival of the old feud. When the Hudson Bay company early in 1869, was asked to surrender Rupert's Land and other territory in the north west to the British crown a grant of £300,000 in money and 50,000 acres of land was made to the company. The grant included the right to a part of the land laid out for settlement south of the northern branch of the Saskatchewan river, which had been settled upon by French Canadians and Metis or half breeds, and the fear that their lands were to be taken from them and the report that they were to be left to the mercy of the monopolists who could compel them to trade on their own terms led to a rebellion. The leaders were John Bruce, Louis Riel and Ambrose Lepine. Riel a shrewd young French Canadian, became the real leader, and so dominated Rupert's Land that he prevented the lieutenant governor from entering the territory. In November the insurgents occupied Fort Garry and organized a government, and in February, 1870, Riel was named president. His government did not last long, for on receiving assurances from Archbishop Tache, representing the Canadian government, that justice should be done and amnesty granted, he and his followers laid down their arms. The British government and the Canadian authorities differed as to the question of amnesty, and Riel after trying two or three times to take a seat in the house of commons at Ottawa, to which he was elected, was banished from Manitoba.

Since then he has been regarded by his followers as a patriot but by the authorities generally as an outlaw. Last fall he re-entered the dominion and proceeded to the Saskatchewan country to advise the half breeds as to the course to be pursued to obtain recognition of their rights by the government. Frequent meetings have since been held and a bill of rights prepared in which the people asked to be relieved from the Hudson Bay company's restrictions and in which they asked that certain principles be observed in the survey of lands. The bill of rights received little or no attention, and the request as to a survey of lands was denied. This is the pretext of the present rebellion. A gentleman from the vicinity of the trouble informs the St. Paul *Globe* that the people have much cause for complaint against the government and the Canadian Pacific railway. The government has not kept its pledges to them in perfecting their promised titles and the railroad robs them by exacting extortionate tolls.

The situation is undoubtedly a very serious one. The rebels are strong, well armed and desperate, and all the frontier posts of the northwest are at their mercy. If they are resolved to make a real fight for what they regard as their rights they can probably withstand for some time all the force that the government can bring against them, or they could flee into the fastnesses of the mountains or the wilds of the Hudson bay direct to treat for terms with the government. In the end of course, the insurgents will be suppressed, though, by creating a turbulent spirit among the Indians, as well as by the rebellion itself, they will cause much trouble."

---

### Farmer Grant's Neighbors.

When General Grant returned to his home in Galena in 1859, after a summer's absence on his farm near St. Louis, he met with a cordial and most enthusiastic reception at the hands of our people. He was then a Presidential candidate for the first term, and despite the great honors that had been conferred upon him was as modest and unassuming in manner as the humblest citizen of the land. During his stay in St. Louis county he was practically ignored by his neighbors, his farm being in an intensely "secesh" locality. To a friend in the city he related the following incident, illustrating the animosity entertained toward him by the Missourians.

Just previous to his departure for the North he sent a span of mules, which needed shoeing, to a neighboring blacksmith shop in charge of one of his colored hired men. The latter, for the purpose of impressing the blacksmith with the importance of the job he was about to undertake, informed him in a somewhat pompous manner, that "dem dar mules belonged to Gin-neral Grant," and that "dar must be no foolishness about de quality of de shoes." "What did you say?" said the blacksmith, who failed to catch the drift of the darkey's remark. It was repeated in a still more ostentatious style, whereupon the knight of the bellows thundered out: "You say those yar mules belong to Grant? Well, you can just take 'em and go to h—l with 'em, if you like. They get no shoeing at my shop."

The darkey took the mules home, and Grant knocked their old shoes off and drove them unshod until he left that hostile locality.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

## OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Among the prominent social events at the Capital during the week were President Cleveland's first public levee, the reception given to the members of the National Academy of Science by Prof. Bell, at which four hundred guests were present and Secretary Bayard's third card reception. The new Secretary of State lives in a rather small unpretentious house which is not suitable for large entertainments. Having a large list of acquaintances, he decided to give four receptions on four successive Friday evenings, so that the crowd would not exceed his limited accommodations. This third reception proved a reunion for the members of the Diplomatic Corps, the Cabinet families, and prominent citizens of Washington. A story was afloat some time ago that Mr. Bayard had said he did not want to accept the Secretaryship of State because he was too poor to entertain in the sumptuous style now in vogue. He is not able to entertain with the lavish hospitality dispensed by Secretaries Fish and Frelinghuysen, but he is amply able to entertain in the simple manner which he has adopted.

Although the reception at the white house was given to the public, a number of society leaders were present, and some elegant toilets were displayed by ladies who gathered in the blue parlor behind the receiving party. The Russian Minister wore court dress, and he with the Netherlands and Hawaiian Ministers were the only diplomats present. The foreign representatives are decidedly aristocratic and exclusive and do not often consider a public levee of sufficient importance to warrant their attendance. It was noticed at this reception, that Attorney General Garland who has been offensively nonchalant concerning his toilet, had reconsidered his recent dress coat resolution. He appeared in a full evening suit swallow tail coat and all, for the first time in his life.

As a number of his predecessors have done President Cleveland expects to move out to the Soldier's Home during the heated term, and occupy the cottage there which is reserved for the use of Presidents. His maiden sister, the hostess of the white house, will accompany him, and spend most of the summer there. To the regret of the new social leaders, Miss Cleveland has not attended receptions in Washington. She made up her mind that she could not do so and attend to the social duties of the white house besides.

In official circles all eyes are now turned upon the United States Treasury. To it and its many dependencies civil service reformers and spoils seekers are looking for indications as to the construction to be placed upon the civil service rules and law and upon the manner in which the spirit of civil service reform is to be followed and the pledges of the Administration carried out. The treasury department with its thousands of employees in Washington and throughout the country, embracing as it does every branch of the government service is accepted as the institution through which the policy of the Administration is to be made known and developed. Secretary Manning is regarded as the most influential member of the official household and it is understood that he has no devotion to or respect for civil service reform principles. The President's letter on that subject to George William Curtis is regarded by Mr. Manning in the light merely of a campaign document.

Bitter complaint is made by democratic senators, representatives and others, of the offensive manner assumed by most of their brethren who have been put in office since the fourth of March. Instead of the easy accessibility and unvarying courtesy that marked many successive Republican administrations, these complainants note a pompous, insolent tone in some cases, and a still more offensive patronizing manner in others. The other day a prominent democratic politician called on an old friend who had just been made the head of a bureau. Speaking of his reception the gentleman said: "If my former friend had been a mastiff and I a poodle, the way in which he received me would have been more in accordance with the fitness of things." All this is irritating but natural. The democratic party has been struggling for office for a quarter of a century, and it is only reasonable that its persistent exaltation of office holding would produce the haughtiness of which democratic politicians now complain.

WASHINGTON, April 27, 1885.

---

### Southern Progress.

The *Manufacturer's Record* of Baltimore in its last number, published its quarterly review of the industrial progress of the South giving the name, location and character of the business of all manufacturing and mining enterprises organized in the Southern States during the first three months of 1885. The aggregate capital of these new enterprises, including the amount expended in the enlargement of factories already in existence, is $20,301,100.

Included in the new works are cotton seed oil works, saw mills, planing mills, flour mills, machine shops and foundries, sash and door factories, carriage factories, tobacco factories, ice factories, gold, copper, iron, coal and tin mining companies, etc., and two coke iron furnaces of 100 tons capacity will soon be built at Anniston, Ala. The capital in these enterprises is divided as follows: Kentucky, $7,723,000; Maryland, $3,400,000; Alabama, $2,155,000; Virginia, $1,496,000; Tennessee, $1,222,000; West Virginia, $1,221,000; Georgia, $991,000; North Carolina, $715,000; Texas, $310,000; Louisiana, $465,000; South Carolina, $322,000; Florida, $200,000; Arkansas, $179,600; and Mississippi, $96,000.

---

A DISPATCH from New York of April 28th, says that the ulcerated portions of General Grant's throat, from which broken down tissues have been sloughed away, have materially improved. The cancerous trouble at the base of the tongue is neither lessened nor is it at present aggressive—it is quiescent. Meantime the general system improves.

### The Postage Reduction.

The changes made by the postoffice bill which goes into effect on July 1, are as follows:

The weight of all single-rate letters is increased from one half ounce each or fraction thereof to one ounce each or fraction thereof. The same increase of weight is allowed for drop letters, whether mailed at stations where there is a free delivery or where carrier service is not established.

All newspapers sent from the office of publication, including sample copies, or when sent from a news agency to actual subscribers thereto, or to other news agents, shall be entitled to transmission at the rate of one cent per pound or fraction thereof, the postage to be pre-paid. This is a reduction of one half from existing rates.

An article in a newspaper or other publication may be marked for observation, except by written or printed words without increase of postage.

A special stamp of the value of ten cents may be issued which when attached to a letter in addition to the lawful postage thereon, shall entitle the letter to immediate delivery at any place containing 4,000 population or over according to the federal census, within the carrier limit of any free delivery office or within one mile of the postoffice or any other postoffice coming within the provisions of this law which may in like manner, be designated as a special delivery office; that such specially stamped letters shall be delivered between seven o'clock a. m. and midnight; that a book shall be provided in which the person to whom the letter is addressed shall acknowledge its receipt; that messengers for this special delivery are to be paid 80 per cent. of the face value of all the stamps received and recorded in a month, provided that the aggregate compensation paid to any one person for such service shall not exceed $30 per month; and provided further that the regulations for the delivery of these specially stamped letters shall in no way interfere with the prompt delivery of letters as provided by existing law or regulations.

---

### Reduced Rates to the Army Reunion at Baltimore via. Pennsylvania R. R.

The sixteenth annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac will be held in the city of Baltimore May 6th and 7th. Present indications foreshadow one of the most brilliant and successful gatherings ever enjoyed by this association. Great interest is being manifested by old soldiers all over the Union and coming as it does on the heels of the visitation to Gettysburg there is no doubt of a large and enthusiastic attendance. The citizens of Baltimore, with their usual alacrity in such matters are bestirring themselves to provide both entertainment and amusement for their guests, both of which they will accomplish in the most thorough manner.

The programme for the first day embraces a public meeting with a poem oration, the second day will be devoted to grand parade of the civic and military bodies, with receptions, banquets, excursions, &c. to fill the intervening time. The parade will be a fine spectacle, and a magnificent display of fire works in which many novel effects will be introduced form an interesting feature for one night.

Besides the soldiery of the Union many of whom will come fresh from the field of Gettysburg, a large number of distinguished persons in civil life are expected to be present. The President of the United States, members of the Cabinet and other men of high station, will participate in the ceremonies.

For the accommodation of the large number of visitors who will be attracted thither the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Baltimore and return on the 6th and 7th good for the day only at $1.50 and from all points on the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad at two cents per mile; from all points on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore and Baltimore Division of Northern Central Railway, on the 6th and 7th good to return until the 8th, at a rate of about two cents per mile; and from all other points on their system excursion tickets will be sold to members of the Grand Army on the presentation of card orders to be procured by application to J. Frank Supplee, chairman, &c., Baltimore, Md., from May 4th to 7th inclusive, good to return until the 15th, at the rate of two cents per mile.

---

### IT IS WAR.

Dispatches dated April 29th, at London and St. Petersburg, say:

In the house of commons to-day Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice under foreign secretary read a telegram from General Sir Peter Lumsden dated at Tripul, April 23. This telegram mentions that the governor of Herat had received a report that the Russian troops had advanced upon Maruchak.

The Russian advance south of Penjdeh and occupation of Maruchak are regarded in parliamentary circles as dispelling the last hopes of peace, and as the precursor of a Russian attack upon Herat. Five steamships have been purchased in the United States by Russia and are to be used as cruisers.

---

The New York *World* urges the passage of the bill now before the New York legislature to permit the sale of intoxicants on duly licensed premises during certain hours of Sunday as an act in the line of the preservation of personal liberty, and congratulates the friends of the measure upon the fact that the democratic party having come into power again, the hypocrites and fanatics who were sustained in their assaults on personal liberty by the republican ascendency will be knocked out. Respectfully referred to the national prohibition party.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

---

ALREADY the people of this country are expressing sympathy with England or Russia. Were it not for the treatment of the Irish England would have more friends in America, as her institutions, forms of law and ties of blood naturally affiliate and run into one the people of the two countries.—*Gazette and Bulletin.*

---

The senate committee has reported favorably on the bill providing for an additional law judge in this district.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

### A Remarkable Case.

Mrs. Henry Ellis, 500 Scott street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, writes: "Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbus, O. I am induced by a sense of duty to the suffering to make a brief statement of your remarkable cure of myself. I was a most miserable sufferer from the various annoying and distressing diseases of delicate persons, which caused me to be confined to my bed for a long time, being too weak to even bear my weight upon my feet. I was treated by the most reputable physicians in our city, each and all saying they could do nothing for me. I had given up all hopes of ever being well. In this condition I began to take your MANALIN and PERUNA, and I am most happy to say in three months I was perfectly well—entirely cured, without any appliances or support of any kind."

Mr. G. A. Proehl, New Portage, Summit County, Ohio, writes: "My wife has been sick for about five years. In the first place the doctor called it leucorrhœa, and treated it about one year, and she grew worse, and turned to ulceration of the womb, and was treated for that two years, but she grew worse and the doctor gave her up. Then I employed Dr. Underwood, one of the best doctors of Akron, but under his treatment she grew worse. She was paralyzed, she had lost all of the sense of feeling and her eyesight. She could not walk for nearly two years. About six months ago Underwood gave her up. She tried your PERUNA. She has taken three bottles, and it did more good than any other medicine. The paralysis has about left her, her eyesight is getting better. We will continue the use of PERUNA until she is well."

Mr. Isaac Nicodemus, Schellsburg, Bedford County, Pa., writes: "I am induced, by a sense of duty to the suffering, to make a brief statement of your remarkable help, as a sufferer of catarrh in my head and throat. I doctored with one of the best physicians in our place for that dreaded disease, catarrh, and found no relief. But in 1883 I lost my speech, and was not able to do any kind of work for near three months. I could neither eat nor sleep. PERUNA and MANALIN did wonders for me. I used three bottles of PERUNA and one of MANALIN, and now I am in better health than I have been for ten years, and I can heartily recommend your medicine to all suffering from that dread disease, catarrh."

Mr. I. W. Wood, Mt. Sterling, Ohio, says: "Your medicine gives good satisfaction. My customers speak highly of its curative properties."

---

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!
Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.
At 6 Cents a Quart

until spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 2, 1885-tf.

---

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS
OF EVERY STYLE
AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets;
Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 13, 1884.

---

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE
White Sewing Machines

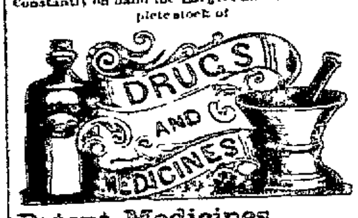
OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."
Smethport, - Pa.

February 6, 1885. 6-1y

---

BRICK DRUG STORE!
No. 47 Main Street.

Constantly on hand the Largest and Most Complete stock of



Patent Medicines,
Instruments,
Trusses,
Fine Wines & Liquors,
Condition Powders,
Fancy Stationery,
Toilet Sets,
CIGARS, TOBACCO,

And a General Supply of Everything Found in a First-Class Drug and Fancy Store.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded Day and Night.

Drs Freeman and Wells Office in Store

H. C. WELLS

Smethport Pa., March 6th 1885.

---

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBORO, Penn'a, Feb'y 25, 1870.

All persons are hereby cautioned against going upon the unsold lands of this estate with no proper authority therefor. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have drafts which show their location. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidence are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

16-a29 [illegible]

TEACHERS Make $70 to $150 per month selling our standard books and Bibles. Steady work for spring and summer. Address, J. C. McCurdy & Co., Phil'a.

## Miscellaneous.

DRUGS
PATENT MEDICINES,
School Books, Blank Books.
Stationery,
Fancy Goods.
DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES,

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE
DRUG AND BOOK STORE
—OF—
A. B. ARMSTRONG,
Smethport, Pa.

Stockholder's Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Bradford & Kendall Railway Company will be held at the office in Bradford, Pa., on Saturday, May 9th, 1885, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

N. B. PARSONS, Sec'y.

Bradford, Pa., April 21, 1885—14

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING!
A SPECIALTY.
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!

All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

---

THE OLD STAND-BY!

I have purchased of Messrs. G. B. Moore & Son their livery business and have the Knapp barn on Water street and the Bennett house barn on Main street, with stalls for fifty horses.

I have replenished the Livery Department and now have one of the

Largest and Best Equipped
STABLES
In McKean County
With 16 Horses,
New Carriages,
New Harnesses,
And New Robes,

I can furnish my patrons with the best and most complete outfits obtainable in this part of the country. With ample stables for

Boarding & Transcient Horses.

Also, the nicest rooms in town for storage of carriages belonging to my patrons, an abundant supply of Hay and Grain of the choicest quality and trusty men to attend to the wants of all customers. I can assure the public that any business I am favored with will receive prompt and satisfactory attention. All wanting Saddle Horses, Single or Double Rigs or Team Work are invited to call.

ORDERS BY TELEGRAPH OR TELEPHONE WILL BE ATTENDED TO WITH DISPATCH.

A fair share of patronage is solicited. Office and Headquarters at the

KNAPP BARN,
WATER STREET
A. T. PALMER.

Smethport, Pa., Jan. 8, '85. ztf

—BINGHAM ESTATE—

ROBT. H. ROSE

is authorized to receive moneys for me, also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees

WELLSBORO, Dec. 24, 1878.

ISLAND HOME
Stock Farm,
Grosse Ile, Wayne Co., Mich.
SAVAGE & FARNUM, PROPRIETORS.

Patache No. 2359 (1357).
IMPORTED
Percheron Horses.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the French and American stud books.

ISLAND HOME

is beautifully situated at the head of Grosse Ile in the Detroit River, ten miles below the City, and is accessible by railroad and steamboat. Visitors not familiar with the location may call at city office, 82 Campau Building, and an escort will accompany them to the farm. Send for catalogue, free by mail. Address, Savage & Farnum, Detroit, Mich.

---

COLEMAN
Business
COLLEGE, NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

Occupies three Full Floors. Largest and Best. More [illegible] than all other schools [illegible] [illegible] Write for circulars. [illegible] & CO. Proprietors.

---

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE
of all kinds and of
PRICE AND QUALITY
to suit the purchaser.
Undertaking in all its branches.
Full and Complete Line of
WALL PAPER!
Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US
in our location, and
Look at our Stock
SPECHT & SASSE,
Main St., Smethport, Pa.

## MISSCELANEOUS.

J. C. HAMLIN.
—DEALER IN
HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.
CUTLERY,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,
OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

*JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.*

☞ Customers say that J. C. Hamlin sells goods as low if not lower than they can get them in any other store in the county.

*SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.*

---

Hotel for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the property known as the "Exchange Hotel," located at the McKean & Buffalo depot, East Smethport, Pa. The house is well furnished has bar and fixtures and everything in first-class order. Will be sold at a bargain, to the right parties. For particulars call on or address,

J. H. SOWERS,
East Smethport, Pa.

33-tf.

---

F. C. OLDS,
At his store in
FARMERS' VALLEY, PA.
is prepared to supply his customers with
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

Crockery, and all other goods required for family use or to keep soul and body together at figures that will astonish

The Natives!

He keeps on hand always the choicest brands of Flour, Feed, &c., and his Buckwheat can't be beat in the Universe. Smethport people will save money by taking a short ride of four miles over a lively road and buy their goods for less money than they can buy at home.

Farmers' Valley, Nov. 20, 1884. 4w1y

---

CALL ON
C. L. DOUGLASS
For Your
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots & Shoes, Etc.

He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of

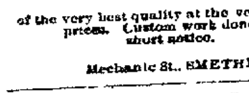
SMETHPORT GRIST MILL.
Feed and Meal

of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.

Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

---

F. C. PIERCE,



Surgeon Dentist,
SMETHPORT, PA.

OFFICE—Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26tf

---

JAMES T. DONOHUE.
PLUMBER
SMETHPORT, PA.

In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water Gas and Steam Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boiler, Iron Sinks, Pumps etc. 46

---

EXECUTORS OF
THOS. R. FRISBEE
Estate, General Dealers in
DRY - GOODS,
GROCERIES.
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles
CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

---

SWEET WORM POWDERS

A hacking cough, itching of the nose, grinding of the teeth are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS

Sleepless nights, convulsions and straightening out of limbs in children are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They are a sure and safe remedy for the cure of worms in adults and children. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

The most pleasant and easy remedy to take with the best results are

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They have been on the market for fifteen years and have always given satisfaction in every case. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

When your druggist offers you anything else do not take it, but make him send and get

E. K. THOMPSON'S
SWEET WORM POWDERS.

Prepared at Titusville, Pa. Price 25c. Send to any postoffice address on receipt of 25 cents.

---

HAVE YOU A GARDEN!
IF YOU HAVE YOU WILL NEED
SEEDS

And will want the Best at the least money. Then my new Seed Catalogue will surprise you. No matter where you have been dealing it will save money. It is mailed Free to all, and you ought to have it before buying anywhere.

WM. H. MAULE,
129 & 131 Front St., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE!

Clydesdale Stallions and Galloway Bulls. The best in America. All from renowned Sires in Scotland. All registered and pedigrees furnished. Prices Low and Terms Easy. Address,

McKAY BROS., Brookside Farm, Ft. Wayne, Ind.

---

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

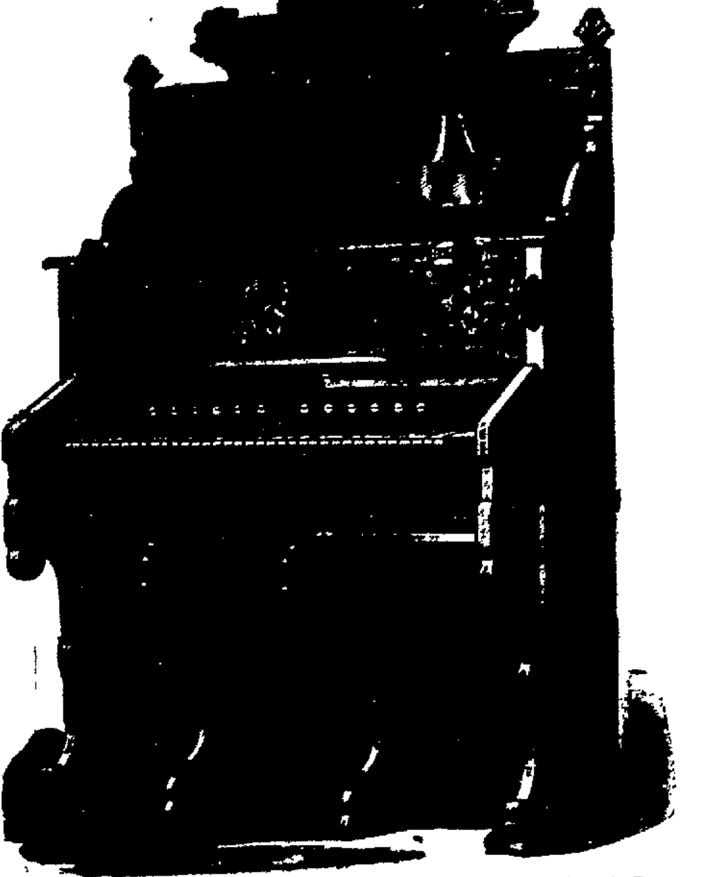
STOMACH
BITTERS

In order to enrich the blood, and thus impart fresh vigor to an enfeebled system, stimulate flagging digestion with the national invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which by infusing energy into the operations of the Stomach, promotes, nay, insures thorough digestion and consequent nutrition. A gain in assimilation, vigor and flesh, is invariably found to follow a course of this deservedly popular tonic, which is moreover, a reliable preventive of malarial fevers. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

---

Steam Engines, Clay and Ore Pans Hoisting Engines and Machinery a Specialty. Second-hand Engines and Boilers on hand. Send for Stock List. THOMAS CARLIN, Allegheny City. 1y.aow

## MISCELLANEOUS.



READ OUR OFFER

This Elegant EIGHT STOP, FIVE OCTAVE Solid BLACK WALNUT CASE ORGAN, with TWO FULL SETS OF REEDS, only EIGHTY-FIVE DOLLARS including Stool and Book. A Free Trial of it in your own parlor.

We have another Elegant Five Octave, Eight Stop Organ, with Two Full Sets of Reeds for Sixty-five Dollars, cash, which is the greatest bargain ever offered.

We have the largest stock of Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines in any town in western New York outside of Buffalo, which includes Henry F. Miller, H[illegible] Decker Bros., New England and McEwen Pianos; Mason & Hamlin, Whitney, Sterling & Peloubet Organs; Hartford, White and Crown Sewing Machines.

New Pianos $185, cash, and upwards. New Organs $26.50, cash, and upwards. Sewing Machines, $20, cash, and upwards.

Call on us or write for Circulars and be convinced of our Low Prices and Liberal Dealing.

WEAVER & WILLIAMS,
New Brick Store, 160 Union St., OLEAN, N. Y.

---

BOOTS AND SHOES
FOR HOLIDAY TRADE!
A LARGE STOCK OF LADIES' AND GENTS'
FINE SLIPPERS!
New & Desirable Styles & Patterns
Also for
BOYS, MISSES
AND CHILDREN.
AND A FULL LINE OF
HIGH TOP SHOES,
For Young People and Ladies' Wear.
AT REDUCED PRICES.
No Shoddy in any of my Goods.
Buy Useful Presents in Boots and Shoes of
G. A. GROVES,
NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.

---

New Goods Just Received
At D. C. YOUNG'S.
IMMENSE STOCK OF
Spring & Summer Clothing
For Men, Boys and Children.
LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
Complete Line of
DRY GOODS
BOOT AND SHOE,
HATS AND CAPS,
CARPET, OIL CLOTH, ETC
And Full Stock of
CHOICE GROCERIES!

All of which were bought CHEAP FOR CASH, and will be sold accordingly.

CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK—NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

D. C. YOUNG.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 26, 1882.

---

*IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF*
VASELINE
(PETROLEUM JELLY.)

One Ounce bottles reduced from 15 cts. to 10 cents
Two Ounce bottles reduced from 25 cts. to 15 cents
Five Ounce bottles reduced from 50 cts. to 25 cents

The public must not accept any but original goods bottled by us, as the imitations are worthless.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., New York.

---

H. W. RUBIN,
DEALER IN
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do such work as belongs to the trade. All work warranted. I have also on hand a fine assortment of

Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Pa., May 1, 1885.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

[illegible]

## OUR BRADFORD AGENT

[illegible] Miller, Esq., is our authorized [illegible] in the city of Bradford [illegible] [illegible] with him may [illegible] the Miner [illegible] attention.

### A Great Offer.

[illegible] the American Agriculturist [illegible] the best agricultural [illegible] in the world. It is a paper that every farmer in the country should have [illegible] reading. We have made arrangements with the publishers of the American Agriculturist for clubbing it with the Miner. Any person who will pay us $2.[illegible] can have the Miner and Agriculturist for one year. Any person who will pay us [illegible] can have the Miner, the Agriculturist and a copy of the Cyclopedia issued by the Agriculturist company. The Cyclopedia is a work of 760 pages, and invaluable for family use. This offer should add [illegible] to our subscription list before the first day of May.

### Another Clubbing Offer.

We have [illegible] arrangements to [illegible] this paper with The [illegible] of Albany, N. Y. [illegible] with [illegible] finest [illegible] printed on fine book [illegible] beautifully illustrated [illegible] with musical news from the different parts of the world [illegible] or two [illegible] the year, [illegible] each [illegible] from three to five [illegible] of the most popular [illegible] of the [illegible] sheet music [illegible] the end of the year [illegible] which [illegible] book [illegible] worth about $2.[illegible] will send [illegible] this magazine and the Miner [illegible] $2.00 per year. It is a rare [illegible] and the offer will remain [illegible] short time. [illegible] one of the two publications. Address [illegible] Smethport, Pa.

## NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

[illegible] day.

[illegible] court next Tuesday.

[illegible] wanted [illegible] scarce.

[illegible] Brent has the dandy [illegible] park in town.

It is about the time to hang out [illegible] sign.

[illegible] the monotony on [illegible] last.

[illegible] about time that our lawn tennis [illegible] up.

Jerry McCarty is building a shed [illegible] Union street.

There are several cases of smallpox in and about [illegible].

There will be music by the band at [illegible] Saturday night.

[illegible] W. Mason is having his store front [illegible] a startling color.

[illegible] remainder [illegible] was with us still.

Our streets [illegible] after the [illegible] places in the borough [illegible].

[illegible] is building a large [illegible] improving her hotel property.

G. W. Williams, of meat market [illegible] engaged with his annual spring painting.

The hillsides are beginning to show a little green grass. A good rain would help things materially.

If General Grant continues to improve he will soon be able to kick out the physicians and get well.

The G. A. R. Post of this place is making active preparations for the proper observance of Decoration Day.

[illegible] of Bradford [illegible] appointment as consul to one of [illegible] ports. May he get there.

The Smethport Tent of the K. O. T. M. have moved into Backus Hall, which is now occupied by four different orders.

—The opening of spring brings to light quite a number of local lumbermen who are badly behind in labor and store bills.

It would be no more than Wright for the party who ordered a set of teeth of [illegible] some time ago, to call and pay for same.

A [illegible] thousand dollar monument [illegible] by [illegible] the G. A. R. [illegible] will be unveiled [illegible].

All the logs on Marvin creek were [illegible] at the lower end of [illegible] where they will be sawed [illegible] the summer.

A special train was run to Bradford last [illegible] to allow Smethport theatre goers a chance to see Lotta in her new play [illegible].

Our business men are not looking forward to a very [illegible] boom in business affairs this summer. But Smethport will hold her own just the same.

It looks as though it was time for Randolph, N. Y., to make some provision for fire protection. They can not stand many such fires as they have had [illegible] any town left.

A postal card addressed to Grover [illegible] sheriff of Erie county, was received at [illegible] a few days since [illegible] offering a reward for escaped prisoners.

A [illegible] murderer was married in his cell at Los Angeles, Cal., a few weeks since. A man who has only a few days to live [illegible] to take any kind of risk.

The delegates from the different posts of the G. A. R. will meet at the Wright House in this place this afternoon to take some definite action on the proposed soldiers' and sailors' monument.

The Bellefonte Watchman tells a great deal of truth in the following: "Arbor Day is all very well, but what this country really wants is an ash pile [illegible] grey, slimy rotten old [illegible] day."

[illegible] Hurley has been making extensive repairs in and about the Chautauqua House, and that hostelry is now in first class shape. "Uncle" John Williams [illegible] which ensures courteous treatment to one and all.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

We would be in a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal card, or by leaving a note at this office.

E. O. Richmond has been on the sick list for the past few days.

Dr. F. C. Pearce and wife visited in Eldred last Tuesday.

Rev. Wm. Bradley was called to Port Allegany a few days this week on business.

S. W. Smith, Port Allegany's new mayor, was in town Wednesday on business.

T. D. Nash came up from Harrisburg last week and made his family and many friends a visit.

Chas. Peck accompanied by Mrs. H. F. Barbour and son, drove over from Bradford Wednesday last.

F. L. Keenan, Esq., has moved into his new law office on Main street. Mr. K. has an office to be proud of now.

M. L. Armstrong has purchased the Gallup property on Water street and will move his family as soon as the painter and paper hanger has had a chance to fix it up.

### Cremation.

On Saturday evening last three very destructive fires occurred in Cattaraugus county, N. Y., one in Olean, which occurred in the large dry goods store of N. S. Butler & Co., in which about $25,000 worth of property, and another at the same place near the Erie depot which destroyed two saloons and a boarding house valued at $3,000. The village of Randolph was for the second time in a few weeks visited by fire on the same evening, eighteen buildings being consumed with a loss of over $35,000. Insurance about $20,000.

### Baptist Church.

Order of services for May 3, 1885.

10:30 a. m. Preaching at meeting house in Smethport. Subject: "The way, the truth and the life."

11:45 a. m. Sunday School at same place. Lesson, Ephesians 6:1–13. "Obedience."

3:00 p. m. Preaching at Hamlin School House.

6:00 p. m. Young People's Meeting, in lecture room, led by Miss Nellie Hamlin.

7:30 p. m. Third lecture on "Joseph; Joseph in prison."

A cordial invitation to attend these services is extended to all.

### The Telephone in Paris.

There has lately been introduced in Paris a new system of telephonic communication. The company issue tickets at two centimes each. These tickets may be presented at any of the Paris postoffices, and entitle the owner to hold five minutes conversation with persons in any other postoffice or at any of the telephone company's stations. The telephone company offers at the same rate conversations at any of their eleven stations with persons at any other station or at the residence of any of their subscribers. For securing prompt medical assistance in cases of accident in the public streets, telephonic communication between the druggists and the hospitals in various quarters of the city is about to be established. By this means the nature of the accident and of the remedies or assistance required for its relief can at once be indicated.—*Scientific American.*

### Some English Legal Absurdities.

Since the world began was there ever anything so absurd and indefensible as the rules of the English bar? A barrister, however hungry, must not take a less fee than a guinea; he must not advertise for work; he must not treat with his clients without the intervention of an attorney; he has no legal claim for his fees, and he is not liable for his negligence. Take, again, the grotesque rule as to precedence. There are, let it be supposed, upon a particular circuit two barristers, A and B. A is a prodigy of legal learning, but no orator. B knows next to no law, but talks like a house on fire. It is thought desirable to secure both. But the attorney forgets to look in the Law List, and when the case comes on the unfortunate client finds that, by reason of the rule of precedence, the speech falls to the silent man, while the orator has to content himself with examining a few of the less important witnesses. Can anything more utterly foolish be imagined?—*London Times.*

### General Grant.

The 63d birthday of this great soldier occurred on Monday last, and the anniversary was celebrated in the prominent towns throughout the country. The people of the entire nation are rejoicing because of the prospect of his ultimate recovery. He seems to be gradually growing stronger, and it is believed that the Brazilian remedy which was recently sent from that country has been applied and is proving efficacious in healing the cancerous affection of the throat. Gen. Adam Badeau, one of Grant's most intimate friends, contributes to the *Century Magazine* of this month some interesting anecdotes of the great soldier's career which will be well worth reading. Among them he relates the following, which portrays the true modesty of the famous general:

"His relations with the troops was peculiar. He never made speeches to the soldiers, and of course never led them himself into battle, after he assumed his high command. But in every battle they saw him certainly once or twice far to the front as exposed as they, for there always seemed to come a time in each engagement when he was unwilling to use the eyes or ears of another, but must observe for himself in order to determine. The soldiers saw all this. They knew, too, that when he rode around in camp it meant action, and the sight of his blue overcoat exactly like their own was a signal to prepare for battle. After the battle of the wilderness he rode at night along the road where Hancock's veterans lay; when the men discovered it was Grant, and that his face was turned toward Richmond, they knew in a moment they were not to retire across the Rapidan as so often before, and they rose in the darkness and cheered until the enemy thought it was a night attack and came out and opened fire. When the works were carried at Petersburg their enthusiasm was, of course, unbounded, and whenever they caught a glimpse of him in the Appomattox campaign the cheers were vociferous. After the surrender of Lee they began without orders to salute him with cannon, and he directed the firing to cease lest it should wound the feelings of the prisoners, who he said were once again our countrymen. This sentiment he retained. Soon after the close of the war I was present when a committee of congress, headed by Charles Sumner, waited on him to propose that a picture should be painted of the surrender of Lee to be placed in the rotunda of the capitol. But he told them he should never consent, so far as he was concerned, to any picture being placed in the capitol to commemorate a victory in which our countrymen were the losers."

### Decoration Day.

At the last regular meeting of McKean Post, 347 G. A. R., the following committee of arrangements for memorial services on Decoration Day next, was appointed:

A. H. Pierce, B. F. Wright, H. L. Burlingame and W. H. Grumbine. Hon. D. Sterrett was appointed as a committee to secure the orator of the day. The following committees to decorate the graves in the different cemeteries in this district were appointed:

ALDRICH CEMETERY, HAMLIN TOWNSHIP.

Wm. Smith, W. W. Brewer, J. M. Robinson, J. D. Barnes, H. T. Sawyer, H. Swarthout and Wm. Thomas.

FARMERS VALLEY CEMETERY.

J. H. McQuade, J. L. Stanton, James Howard, S. R. Fuller, N. F. Ferrin, Ira Ogilvie, A. N. Reed, Wm. Beckman, Simeon Martin and Comrades Hacker, Moore, Henderson and McCauley.

BOOT HILL CEMETERY.

M. O'Reilly, Peter Bonk, Walter Ostrander, Almond Ostrander and P. McCabe.

NORWICH CEMETERY.

J. Colegrove, Wm. Hill, John Clark, S. W. Frame, A. W. Colegrove and Ira Grover.

KANE CEMETERY.

R. F. Looker, James [illegible], [illegible] Cox and Wm. Watkins.

A complete programme will be published in our next issue. An invitation has been extended to the different Posts in the county to participate in the ceremonies at Smethport. The civic societies in this district will also take part in the exercises.

There is no need of going away from home to purchase tombstones, mantles or any kind of marble or granite work. W. H. Martin's works on Water street are fully stocked with everything in that line.

### We'll Take Something Worth While.

We notice that Eldred and several other surrounding towns are to be visited with a circus in a few days. Our place is left out in the cold, but we are simply waiting for Barnum or some of the other big guns.

### Sugar Social.

A very pleasant party assembled at the Baptist parsonage last evening to help dispose of the large supply of maple sugar and other good things. The sum of $1[illegible].50 was the result of the exertions of the ladies of the church, and every one present voted the sugar first class.

### Helped us Out.

Over two weeks ago we received a bill of paper and other material which the consignors, at Syracuse, N. Y., said had been shipped by freight. Up to this time, Thursday evening, no paper has arrived, and we are under obligations to Messrs. Wilson and Lindsley, of the *Democrat* for paper for this issue. They helped us out in great shape.

### Newspapers of To-Day.

People generally, and even those who may be termed steady readers and close observers, have but a faint conception of the magnitude and influence the press of this country has attained. From a careful examination of the advance pages of the 1885 edition of the *American Newspaper Directory*, issued May 1st by Geo. P. Rowell & Co., of New York, it appears that there are 14,147 newspapers and periodicals published in the United States and Canada. Of these the United States has 12,973, an average of one paper for every 3,867 persons. In 1884 the total number of newspapers was less by 871 than at present, and while the gain this year is not so marked as in some previous years, it is still considerable. Kansas shows the greatest increase, the number being 73, while Illinois follows with a gain of 77. It is curious to notice that New York, the scene of so much political activity during the last campaign, should have only about one third as many new papers as the state of Pennsylvania. As an index to the comparative growth and prosperity of different sections of the country, especially the territories, the number of new papers forms an interesting study, and may well occupy the attention of the curious.

### America's All-Saints Day.

That great day which is hallowed and dedicated to our dead, on which the living pay their tribute of remembrance and respect to our departed, is drawing near, the memorial day of the nation. This day is dedicated as a national day of remembrance of the dead by strewing flowers over their last resting place. The marking of the graves of our dead is as ancient as the history of man, and it has ever been thought fitting that the living should erect at the resting place of their dead some substantial monument to mark in time the resting place, and briefly to recite his name, birth, achievements and death.

And archæology teaches us that the everlasting granite has always been selected as most appropriate and enduring. As Memorial Day draws nigh, we are reminded that our friends are lying in the cemetery with no stone, with no emblem to mark their last resting place. As many as desire to avail themselves of the opportunity to thus mark them before Memorial Day, I desire to call your attention to the large lot of monuments, rustic Maltese crosses, tablets and head stones, now erected and open for inspection at my Marble and Granite Works on Water street. In order that they may be properly put in place it is necessary that your orders be given promptly, as with the many orders on hand, my motto must be "First come, first served."

W. H. MARTIN,

Sole proprietor of Silver Mountain Granite & Marble Works, Smethport, Pa.

### How Women Play Cards.

"Whose play is it?"
"Who took that trick?"
"What's trumps?"
"What was the lead?"
"Whose ace is that?"
"Did I take that?"
"What's trumps?"
"Is it my play?"
"That's the left bower, isn't it?"
"Is that mine?"
"Haven't you got a club?"
"What's trumps?"
"Did they euchre us?"
"How many did we make?"
"Whose deal is it?"

W. H. MARTIN'S marble and granite works are under the charge of skilled workmen and all work and prices are guaranteed.

### Sensible Jury.

The grand jury of Luzerne county made a precedent which may profitably be followed in other counties. At every term of court the calendars are loaded with a large number of trivial cases that grow out of petty quarrels, jealousies and the like, that have no business to lumber up the records. Of complaints of this character the Luzerne jury dismissed about eighty cases, placing the costs upon the complainants. It is fair to presume that there will be fewer cases in the future brought before that court for action without reasonable cause.

## $500,000 A Year.

Statement of the American National and United States and Canada Express Companies, Troy, N. Y.

The strength of Rome lay not in her multitude nor in her great cities. [illegible] the soldiers. Discipline, it is the very soul to all the wonderful [illegible] possessed by the world. [illegible] "Thirty three years" he [illegible] at the desk. It is the discipline of years of experience which gives him the position he holds in the trust and esteem of these three great corporations. "We have a business of $500,000 a year and I've been absent from this desk hardly a month in all that time, though I have suffered many times [illegible] I have been troubled [illegible] with biliousness and dyspepsia. My system [illegible] I was [illegible] I tried various remedies, but [illegible] I happened to hit upon Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. After using only [illegible] I began to feel stronger in every way. The great difficulty has been with my digestion. [illegible] Dr. Kennedy's FAVORITE REMEDY. I have bought and given a great deal to the poor around here [illegible] money [illegible] ago a great many troubled with [illegible] diseases [illegible] I always keep FAVORITE REMEDY in the house. I consider it the best remedy for the blood in the market. Well I must attend to this matter for the western part of the city [illegible] I left the veteran [illegible] rejoicing in health and grateful to Dr. Kennedy.

### Land For Sale

I have Two Thousand acres of valuable timber lands for sale situate in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pa., known as the Wiggan Warrants, Nos. 5375 and 5170. All minerals, gas, etc. reserved. D. A. E. Sterbrook, Esq., of Smethport, will show the lands to parties wishing to purchase. For further particulars address

JOSEPH HOUSLER,
Emporium, or Lock Haven, Pa.

13 tf

### Attention Farmers!

I have on hand a car load of fresh Clover and Timothy seed which I will sell at the very lowest living prices.

W. D. GALLUP.

Smethport, April 3d, '85. tf

H. W. PIERSON this week places on sale a fine stock of new spring hats, the latest style, also gents furnishing goods, all new styles and of a fine variety.

### For Rent

The Hotel building located at Hamlin Station on the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. (Clermont Branch). Building in good locality and excellent repair. Also Blacksmith Shop for rent at same place, with good set of tools. Terms reasonable. Enquire of

MRS. JOHN DUGEL,
or E. L. KEENAN,
Smethport, Pa.

13 tf

H. C. WELLS sells the finest cigars in town. Try them.

FARMERS ATTENTION!—All kinds of [illegible] powders for cattle, horses and [illegible] the lowest prices at H. C. Wells drug store.

When Baby was sick, we gave her CASTORIA.
When she was a Child, she cried for CASTORIA.
When she became Miss, she clung to CASTORIA.
When she had Children, she gave them CASTORIA.

A FULL line of patent medicines at H. C. Wells drug store, Main St.

A LARGE stock of visiting cards and fancy stationery at Wells drug store.

[illegible] cigars in town at H. C. Wells drug store.

TONIC Laxative Horse Powders, the only guaranteed purely vegetable powder [illegible] market, put up in tin cans. Price [illegible] Sold by H. C. Wells.

$50 goes if Centaurine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corks, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by H. C. Wells. Price 50 cts.

ALL kinds of smoking and chewing tobacco at H. C. Wells.

### For Sale

The subscriber offers for sale on reasonable terms, a yoke of well broke oxen in good working condition. Any one wishing to buy can get a bargain by calling on

S. J. GIFFORD,
Smethport, Pa.

1 tf

HATS and bonnets of the latest styles can be found at Mrs. Nash's.

As heretofore particular attention will be given to our millinery department, as I have made arrangements by which I will receive goods in that line every few days and be constantly posted on all the leading styles in hats and bonnets.

MRS. NASH.

PRATT'S Aromatic Geneva Gin CURES DISEASED KIDNEYS.

When it is taken into consideration that Gin is the only spirit possessing a medicinal quality other than a stimulant, a pure article is required.

PRATT'S Aromatic Geneva Gin

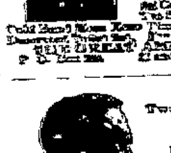
is a pure Geneva (Swiss) Gin, redistilled with selected buchu leaves, fresh Italian juniper berries, gentian root, &c. It will be found an invaluable remedy and certain cure for Bright's Disease, Stone in Bladder, and all inflammation of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs.

JAMES E. MORRIS, Sole Agent, 105 CHAMBERS ST. NEW YORK.

H. C. WELLS, leading druggist and sole agent for the sale of Pratt's Aromatic Geneva Gin at Smethport, Pa.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All of either sex succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers absolutely sure. At once address, TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 52y1

TEA GOOD NEWS TO LADIES. Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Gold Band Moss Rose Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Rose Toilet Set. For full particulars address THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., P. O. Box 289. 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.



AGENTS WANTED for Twenty Years of Congress, 1861–1881, by James G. Blaine.

Hon. J. S. Wise of Va. says: "Whoever takes it up, no matter whether he be Mr. Blaine's friend or enemy, will never put it down until he has read the whole." Agents make from $200 to $1000 per month. Address, [illegible] Beach, Reedsville, Pa.

# To Dyspeptics.

The most common signs of Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, are an oppression at the stomach, nausea, flatulency, water-brash, heart-burn, vomiting, loss of appetite, and constipation. Dyspeptic patients suffer untold miseries, bodily and mental. They should stimulate the digestion, and secure regular daily action of the bowels, by the use of moderate doses of

# Ayer's Pills.

After the bowels are regulated, one of these Pills, taken each day after dinner, is usually all that is required to complete the cure.

AYER'S PILLS are sugar-coated and purely vegetable—a pleasant, entirely safe, and reliable medicine for the cure of all disorders of the stomach and bowels. They are the best of all purgatives for family use.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING AT LAST!

# MRS. NASH

Is on hand with an unusually large and carefully selected stock of

Millinery!
Dress Goods!
Lawns! Tidies!
Gloves!
Ladies' Hose!
Collars, &c.,

For LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN

An especially fashionable line of

HAMBURG, CALICOS,
Bleached and Unbleached
MUSLIN,
Ladies' Underwear,
Embroidery,
Silks and Zephyrs.

A very fine stock of Ladies', Misses' and Childrens

SHOES

Which I will sell cheap.

Shirts, Collars, Cuffs,
and Underwear,

For GENTLEMEN of the latest patterns and very cheap.

An especial attraction in

Brocaded and
Plain Silk Dolmans.

Shawls, Scarfs, Socks,
&c., &c.

My advantages in these goods are unequaled. I will not be undersold.

MRS. T. D. NASH

SMETHPORT May 1 1885. 3w

SILVER MOUNTAIN
GRANITE, MARBLE
— AND —
STONE WORKS!
SMETHPORT, PA.

WM. H. MARTIN,
Sole Proprietor.

FREDERICK HESS,
Sole Authorized Agent.

TO THE PUBLIC!

Having recently purchased the "SILVER MOUNTAIN GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS," formerly owned by John Dugel, I will continue the business, and in addition to his famous "SILVER MOUNTAIN GRANITE," which has withstood the elements for a century without mossing, crumbling or defacing, and which has proved itself the most durable, as well as desirable stone for monumental purposes, I will add to his usual stock—

Scotch Granite,
Gray Granite,
Pebbled Granite,

And the now famous

Red Granite,

from the quarries on the coast of Maine.

I will do all manner of Marble Work that parties may desire, either in American, Italian or Antique Marbles.

To all parties ordering at the shop, I will give ten per cent. discount from list price.

I have arranged with parties in Boston for granite polishing, am therefore able to give prices that cannot be duplicated in any granite or marble work.

☞ Call and see us, get our prices and compare the work.

SMETHPORT May 1, 1885. tf

SEASON OF 1885.

# TOM WONDER, Jr.

Knowing the wants of all breeders of Good Horses, F. E. Dean has returned from his trip to York State, bringing with him a handsome

☞ CHESTNUT STALLION, ☜

weighing over Eleven Hundred Pounds.

He was sired by the well known fast pacer and trotter Tom Wonder, the fastest horse known at both gaits.

He will be known as TOM WONDER, Jr., and can be seen at all times at Dennon Livery Stable, opposite Grand Central Hotel and in the rear of Chautauqua House, where his services can be had on reasonable terms.

For information regarding him, address

F. E. DEAN.

Smethport, Pa., April 22, 1885.

LEGAL.

### Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Ephraim Baker, late of Keating township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the same will present them for payment duly authenticated and those indebted thereto will please make payment to

A. D. BURBANK,

Smethport, Pa., April 29th, 1885.—6t

### Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 43, Dec. Term, 1884.

MCKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONWEALTH of Pennsylvania, to the Sheriff of said county greeting:

Whereas, Maggie Crittenden, by her next friend A. W. Coburn, did on the 7th day of Oct. 1884, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county praying for the causes therein set forth, she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Hopestill G. Crittenden.

We therefore command you, the said Hopestill G. Crittenden, that setting aside all other excuses whatsoever you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean on the 4th Monday of May, next, to answer the petition or libel of said Maggie Crittenden, and show cause if any you have why the said Maggie Crittenden your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such case made and provided. Hereof fail not.

Attest: A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.
Mullin & McClure, Att'ys.
Smethport, Pa., April 29th, 1885.—4t

### Notice

Is hereby given that the following personal property to-wit: One pair bay horses, one set harness, one lumber wagon in the possession of L. Vance, of Wetmore, McKean county, Pa., belong to J. G. Curtis and are left in the possession of L. Vance for a limited time only. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with said property without the consent of said

J. G. CURTIS.

Ludlow, Pa., April 21, 1885.—4t

### Court Proclamation.

THE HON. A. G. OLMSTED, PRESIDENT Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean have issued their precept bearing date Friday, March 20, 1885, and to me directed for holding a Court of [illegible] at the borough of Smethport, on Tuesday the 5th day of May, 1885, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, April 18th, 1885, and in the 109th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.

### Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF EXEcutors, Administrators and Guardians having been settled in the Office of the Register the same will be presented for Confirmation at an Orphans' Court to be held at Smethport in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania on the fourth Monday of May, A. D. 1885.

Final account of Mary F. Guy, Administratrix of the Estate of George W. Guy, deceased.

First and final account of Louis Marck, Administrator of the Estate of Charles Kerby, deceased.

First and final account of Elizabeth A. Fuller, Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of J. Drake, deceased as filed by P. M. Fuller, Administrator of the Estate of Elizabeth A. Fuller, deceased.

First and final account of Samuel W. Smith, Administrator of the Estate of John Johnson, deceased.

Second and partial account of Robert Wright and Nancy P. Wright, Executors of Last Will and Testament of William McLaughlin, deceased.

Final account of W. R. Van Lerhu? Guardian of Ornavilla [illegible] minor child of John Ross [illegible] Liberty Township, deceased.

First and final account of Thomas F. Harris, Administrator of the Estate of Hugh Wallace, deceased.

First and final account of Elizabeth A. Fuller, Guardian of [illegible] Drake, minor child of J. Drake, deceased, as filed by P. M. Fuller, Administrator of Estate of Elizabeth A. Fuller, deceased.

Account of Clement H. Cole, Guardian of John W. Dunel? and Allie Dunel, minor children of [illegible] Dunel, deceased.

J. M. [illegible], Register
Per [illegible] BOLTON, Dy.

Smethport, Pa., April 30, 1885. 1t

### Financial Statement

of the several funds of and for the borough of Smethport for the year 1884.

J. C. Hamlin and [illegible], Overseers of [illegible] in account with [illegible] Poor Fund.

Dr.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To cash from late Poor overseer [illegible] | $ 211 [illegible] | |
| To [illegible] | 41 [illegible] | |
| To [illegible] | [illegible] | |
| To cash from late Poor overseer Hamlin | [illegible] | |
| To duplicate for 1884 | 551 [illegible] | |
| | | 922 [illegible] |

Cr.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By expenses [illegible] | 4 37 | |
| By [illegible] | [illegible] | |
| By [illegible] Smith & Fort [illegible] | 10 00 | |
| By paid [illegible] Valentine board [illegible] | 10 [illegible] | |
| By paid Mary Connolly boarding [illegible] | [illegible] | |
| By paid [illegible] boarding [illegible] | [illegible] | |
| By clothes, provisions for paupers | 55 89 | |
| By wood for paupers | 10 [illegible] | |
| By paid physicians, druggists | 75 90 | |
| By paid cemetery association and digging two graves | 9 50 | |
| By paid keeping tramps | 8 [illegible] | |
| By paid for nursing sick | 24 [illegible] | |
| By paid for 2 coffins | [illegible] | |
| By paid [illegible] expenses | 9 90 | |
| By paid Auditors fees and printing report | 9 [illegible] | |
| By paid overseer of the poor Hamlin for 1882-3-4 | 65 00 | |
| By paid overseer of the poor [illegible] for 1883-4 | 10 00 | |
| By amount in hands of overseer Hamlin | 270 52 | |
| | 922 [illegible] | 922 [illegible] |

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Due from [illegible] | 24 [illegible] |
| Am't with overseer J. C. Hamlin | [illegible] |
| | 350 [illegible] |

LIABILITIES.

Nothing.

W. D. Gallup, Treasurer, in account with Borough funds for 1884.

Dr.

| | |
|---|---|
| To am't duplicate boro [illegible] mills | 456 [illegible] |
| To " " water 2 mills | 114 [illegible] |
| To " " bond 4 mills | [illegible] |
| To " " dog tax | 27 [illegible] |
| To " received from Treasurer Gorton | 45 67 |
| | 1303 [illegible] |

Cr.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By orders paid and cancelled (Road) | 394 00 | |
| By orders paid and cancelled (Water) | 200 00 | |
| By bonds and coupons paid and cancelled bond | 464 00 | |
| By discount on $1292 30 at 5 per cent off | 64 61 | |
| By treasurers com. on $1[illegible]7 at 2 per cent | 35 [illegible] | |
| By am't due the fund | 24 [illegible] | |
| | 1303 04 | 1303 04 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Outstanding orders | 26 00 |
| " coupons | 24 00 |
| | 50 00 |

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Am't in hands of treasurer | 24 87 |
| Liabilities over assets | 25 13 |
| | 50 00 |

JOHN FORREST, }
T. P. RICHMOND, } Aud'rs.
W. Z. GEORGIA, }

Smethport, Pa., April 24, 1885.—1t.

### Property Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property hereinafter mentioned to-wit:

One team of bay mares,
One team of horses, one bay and one chestnut,
One roan horse,
One bay mare
One team of bay horses,
One red cow

A lot of sleds, wagons, harness, boats, chains, tools, hay and feed and other equipments used by James Landrigan in the job of the Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, is the property of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, and is left in the possession of said James Landrigan for a limited time only. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with said property except by the consent of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited.

RIDGWAY LUMBER CO. LIMITED.
R. E. CARTWRIGHT, Supt.

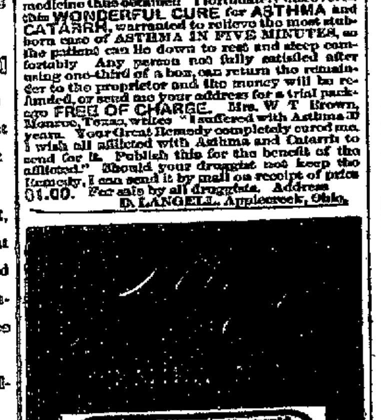
Ridgway, Pa., Sept. 20, 1884. 41 tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

D. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled, during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA and CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one-third of a box, can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Mrs. W. T. Brown, Monroe, Texas, writes: "I suffered with Asthma 30 years. Your Great Remedy completely cured me. I wish all afflicted with Asthma and Catarrh to send for it. Publish this for the benefit of the afflicted." Should your druggist not keep the Remedy, I can send it by mail on receipt of price $1.00. For sale by all druggists. Address

D. LANGELL, Applecreek, Ohio.



The only College in the world that allows Students to test its Merits before paying Tuition. Address F. M. ALLEN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best
Meat and Vegetable
MARKET!
— IN —
SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

— ALSO —

VEGETABLES
IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST CLASS LINE OF
FAMILY GROCERIES
AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
A Full Line of
CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS.
Main Street, — Smethport, Pa.

E. B. McCOY
Druggist & Pharmacist
No. 34 Main Street,
SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

*Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.*

An Electric night bell, in one of with sleeping room gives night facilities for night calls.

H. A. SPRAGUE'S
HARDWARE STORE,
Opposite the Grand Central,
IS HEADQUARTERS FOR
Hardware, Stoves, Tinware,
House Furnishing Goods
SILVERWARE,
Cutlery, Lamps,
Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,
Farmers' and Mechanics Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and [illegible] whether they conceive the fact that [illegible] of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the country.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

BARBER SHOP
ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious rooms over Mark E. Pratt's building next door to W. D. Gallup's shoe store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

☞ BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

Specht & Sasse,
PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

ANYBODY can now make Photographs by the new Dry Plate process. For 50 cts we will send post paid Roche's Manual for Amateurs, which gives full instructions for making the pictures.

Outfits we furnish from $10 upwards.

Our "PHOTOGRAPHIC BULLETIN," edited by Prof. Chas. F. Chandler, head of the Chemical Department of the School of Mines, Columbia College, published twice a month for only $2 per annum, keeps Photographers, professional or amateur, fully posted on all improvements, and answers all questions when difficulties arise.

Circulars and price lists free.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Apparatus and Materials.
No. 591 Broadway, New York City.
*Forty years established in this line of business.* 15-1y

GUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER,
IMPROVE THE ROUT. FOR THE CURE OF CONSUMPTION,

TRADE MARK.

Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. [illegible] $1.00. Ask your Druggist for it. GUENTHER & CO. Pittsburgh.

CASTORIA
for
Infants and Children

What gives our Children rosy cheeks,
What cures their fevers, makes them sleep;
*Castoria.*
When Babies fret, and cry by turns,
What cures their colic, kills their worms,
*Castoria.*
What quickly cures Constipation,
Sour Stomach, Colds, Indigestion;
*Castoria.*
Farewell then to Morphine Syrups,
Castor Oil and Paregoric, and
Hail Castoria!

"Castoria is so well adapted to Children that I recommend it as superior to any medicine known to me."—H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton St., N. Y.

CENTAUR
LINIMENT

An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An instantaneous Pain-reliever.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FERNANDO E. SMITH'S
PATENT SPRINKLER
AND
Novelty Force Pump.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY. SAVE YOUR FRUIT, SAVE YOUR FLOWERS. Save everything that makes home pleasant and profitable. It has no equal. It throws a strong stream sixty feet or more.

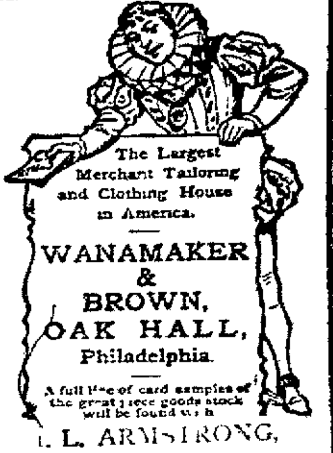
With the Sprinkler attached it spreads the water in a gentle shower or spray. For washing windows or carriages, and showering lawns, gardens and greenhouses, it has no equal. It is adapted to throwing liquid solutions of all kinds to destroy noxious insects and bugs of every nature, on plant, vine or tree and should be kept in every house, store and factory in the country as a protection against fires.—*Sold by Traveling Agents.*

Send for circulars and price lists.

FERNANDO E. SMITH,
Manufacturer & Patentee,
100 East 4th St., Canton, Ohio.

NAVAL Agents Wanted for BATTLES. Authentic Pictorial History of the great Sea fights of the World. By Medical Director SHIPPEN, U. S. N. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO. 630 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

GOOD PAY FOR AGENTS. $100 to $200 per mo made selling our Grand New History, Famous and Decisive Battles of the World. Write to J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.



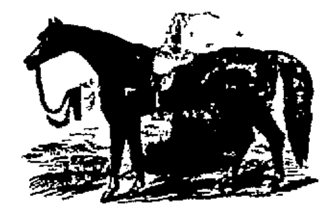
The Largest Merchant Tailoring and Clothing House in America.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, Philadelphia.

A full line of card samples of the great piece goods stock will be found with

L. L. ARMSTRONG,
SALESMAN,
Smethport, Pa.

A PRESENT OF $50.00
— TO —
Horsemen and Farmers.



CENTAURINE!
— THE GREAT —
Cleansing and Healing Compound

[illegible] the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever, or Wounds of any kind on Horse or Man. Centaurine has had a local reputation for twenty years, dating back to the fall of '59, when product of petroleum was discovered. This is no advertising dodge. The above $50.00 goes. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Recommend dealers are found in its praise. I can save nothing if it fails to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE
HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation free from [illegible] and [illegible] in use with Centaurine. They are entirely new, containing their medicinal properties while being used. The only True Tonic and Blood Cleansing Compound in the market. Price 25 cents per box.

Don't forget our

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment

The great assistant of nature in softening the hard hoof and [illegible] it [illegible] the natural [illegible] preparations and if they don't prove as represented get your present. Price 25 cents per box. Manufactured by

WILSON & BRENEMAN,
Pharmaceutists,
KENDALL CREEK, PA.

For sale at H. C. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in
Drugs and Medicines
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.
KANE PA.

SMETHPORT
BAKERY AND GROCERY

☞ A fine variety of Baking constantly on hand.

☞ Always a fine variety of Confectionery.

☞ As fine a variety of Teas and Coffees as can be found in the city, and as cheap as the cheapest.

☞ Butter, Eggs and Cheese constantly on hand and goods sold cheap for cash.

☞ I am constantly adding Groceries to my stock which I sell as cheap as can be had in the city.

☞ Give me a call and be convinced.

☞ Goods delivered free to any part of the city.

GEO. E. WOOD, Agt.

Mechanic street, below Wright House. 70-1y

THE MOST PERFECT SWEEPER MADE.
A Machine that Sells Itself.

CONSIDERED BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS THE STANDARD SWEEPER.

UNRIVALED FOR BEAUTY.

Strength and light running; performs its labor easily and noiselessly. The brush is easily adjusted to all grades of carpet. The movement of discharge of the dust is superior to all others.

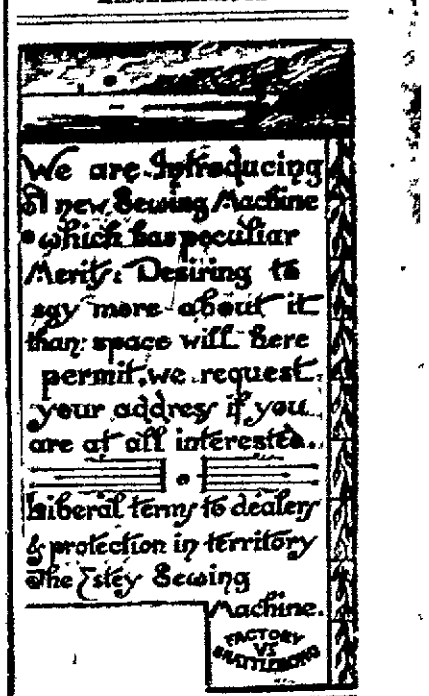
ASK FOR IT AND BUY NO OTHER.

*For Sale by all Dealers.*

Manufactured by

The Goshen Sweeper and Wringer Co.,
GOSHEN, IND.

MISCELLANEOUS



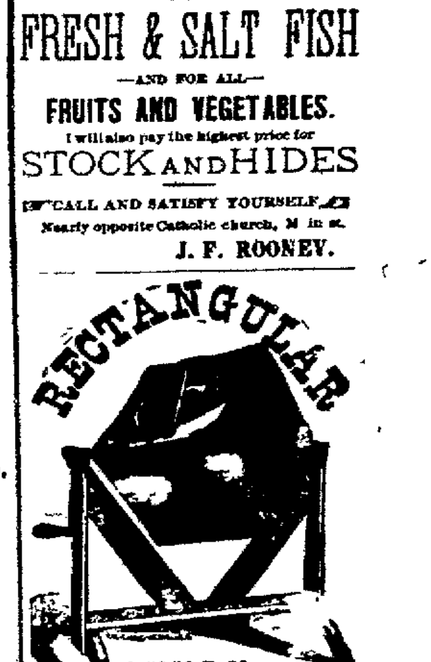
We are Introducing a new Sewing Machine which has peculiar Merit: Desiring to say more about it than space will here permit, we request your address if you are at all interested. Liberal terms to dealers & protection in territory. The Estey Sewing Machine.

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wholesale and Retail
— FOR A —
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked
— FOR —
FRESH & SALT FISH
— AND FOR ALL —
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

☞ CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF. ☜
Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st.
J. F. ROONEY.



RECTANGULAR CHURN.

We make from the best material Superior Articles of Dairy Goods, that are models of strength and simplicity. Unquestioned proof of their superiority. Sole manufacturers of the Improved Factory Churn, Mason's Power Butter Worker, Lever Worker, Curtis' Square Box, Rectangular Churn, Cream Vats, Dog Powers. "One Family Churn at wholesale where we have no agent." All goods warranted, exactly as represented. TWO GOLD, FOURTEEN SILVER, AND LIGHT BRONZE MEDALS awarded for superiority.

CORNISH, CURTIS & GREENE, Fort Atkinson, Wis.

THE
REMINGTON
Sewing Machine,
LIKE THE
REMINGTON RIFLE,
UNEXCELLED BY ANY.
*Sure to Give Satisfaction.*

General Office, Ilion, N. Y.
New York Office, 283 Broadway.

Buying Agents Wanted.

S. H. CLARKE
BOLIVER, N. Y.
Makes a specialty of
EGGS FOR HATCHING
From Standard Wyandotts, Plymouth Rocks, Rose Comb White Leghorns and
PEKIN DUCKS' EGGS
$2 PER 13
March 21, 3 mos.

MISCELLANEOUS.

**BROWN'S IRON BITTERS — THE BEST TONIC.**

Quality Purity Quantity

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

[illegible]

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

## CONSTIPATION!

There is no medium through which disease so often attacks the system as by Constipation, and there is no other ill flesh is heir to more apt to be neglected, from the fact material inconvenience may not be immediately felt from irregular action of the bowels. When there is not regular action the retention of decayed and effete matter, with its poisonous gases, soon poisons the whole system by being absorbed into it, causing piles, fistula, headache, impure blood and many other serious affections. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will immediately relieve, and one bottle positively cure or relieve any case of Constipation.

"Was troubled for a year with torpid liver and indigestion, and after trying everything imaginable used BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. The first bottle revived me and the second cured me entirely."—J. S. Williamson, Rochester, N. Y.

## Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment [illegible]

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES [illegible]

THOMPSON & WOOD, Druggists, BRADFORD, PA.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste And Smell. A quick & Positive Cure.

HAY-FEVER

[illegible] ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

There is no excuse for suffering from

**CONSTIPATION**

and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of

**DR. HENRY BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS**

Will give immediate relief.

[illegible]

Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, [illegible]dice, Apoplexy, P[illegible]tations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., [illegible] of which these [illegible]

[illegible] perfect health

Ladies [illegible]

Sick Headache [illegible]

[illegible]

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Price 25 cts. per bottle.

[illegible] Props., Burlington, Vt.

[illegible]

HELP [illegible]

## IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

### Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

[illegible]

SCROFULA [illegible]

CATARRH [illegible]

[illegible] Tex., Sept. 28, 1882.

ULCEROUS SORES [illegible]

SORE EYES [illegible]

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

## A MACHINE TO PICK COTTON.

An Invention Which Is Expected to Revolutionize Cotton-Picking.

[New York Tribune.]

Charles T. Mason, the inventor of the Mason cotton harvester, is a young man, a native of South Carolina, and has spent most of his life within sight of the cotton fields. He has been working on the cotton harvester [illegible] years. He said to a reporter recently:

"The extended use of my machine for the harvesting of cotton will almost [illegible] cotton-picking, and [illegible] change in the price of cotton. It will do the work of [illegible] [illegible] cost of harvesting [illegible] None of these [illegible] We expect to have a [illegible] next fall. [illegible] improve [illegible]

"Is yours [illegible] the only machine of [illegible]?"

"[illegible] patents have been given to the inventors of cotton picking machines. I have never heard of any of these [illegible] patents except at the office in Washington. There is no cotton picking machine in use. In Texas they have some kind of a rough machine which [illegible] and gathers wool, leaves and dirt, and mixes these foreign matters with the cotton. My harvester is a machine which resembles a [illegible] armed with [illegible] cylindrical rollers, armed with teeth which [illegible] the surface of the cylinder, run over every inch of the cotton plant, and if the boll has opened wide enough to indicate that the plant is ready for picking, the fiber is grasped by the [illegible] teeth, and all the other [illegible] through the machine. Nothing but the cotton is taken. A negro can [illegible] of cotton with [illegible]. We have [illegible] all of the cotton growing countries of the world and in England."

"What will be the effect of your invention upon cotton growers and laborers in the South?"

"In South Carolina my invention will not be welcomed. The farmers there look forward to the introduction with [illegible] In Texas there will be [illegible] for the harvesters. The [illegible] farmers [illegible] in Texas [illegible] an equal amount of lands. They have to make extensive use of [illegible] for [illegible] and with the additional expense [illegible] many pounds [illegible] the Texas planters do. In South Carolina there [illegible] population and labor is cheap. The [illegible] [illegible] In Texas [illegible] always [illegible] [illegible] that they will have a great advantage over the cotton growers of [illegible] and that they will be able to [illegible] them. The negroes will [illegible] [illegible] for them to do other [illegible] the negroes would do [illegible] season during [illegible] harvest [illegible] the introduction of [illegible] I think [illegible] will find [illegible] profitable em[illegible]

[illegible] Diplomacy.

[illegible] was a wonderful man in ways of which the public have never heard. [illegible] Bell, of Kentucky, had an experience with him. He was sent at the head of a delegation from the Kentucky legislature to represent [illegible] facts to Lincoln and secure [illegible] action from the executive. The committee was admitted to the White House, where Bell, who was a [illegible] and [illegible] speaker, made a [illegible] recapitulation of his case. [illegible] Lincoln got up and came among the Kentuckians. He began to [illegible] with [illegible] the other [illegible] friends. Then he [illegible] with Bell and walked [illegible] with him for an hour, chatting, [illegible] and especially telling funny [illegible] Finally other visitors presented [illegible] attention, and the Kentuckians [illegible] and started for home. They got as far as [illegible] before they [illegible] that they had not secured a single expression from Lincoln concerning the object of their visit.

An Old Paper Mill.

[illegible]

The [illegible] paper mill now running in [illegible] county, Pennsylvania, which [illegible] the [illegible] currency [illegible] more than [illegible] years ago, and afterwards furnished the greenbacks that supplied the sinews of war for the [illegible] [illegible] of course, improvements in machinery were added from time to time until now the mill is entirely [illegible]

Up in the loft of the old building had accumulated during this century a huge [illegible] of waste paper, and this collection was recently sold as refuse, and some of it has found its way to the stationery department of a prominent [illegible] firm, and is now being used for fashionable menus.

Religion of Greenlanders.

[illegible]

Nearly all the [illegible] of Greenland are adherents of the Lutheran faith, having been converted through the missionary enterprise of the Danish church. They have built little churches, where they hold religious services every Sunday. [illegible] they are happy and contented people. The Moravians also have been missionizing in this [illegible] about 150 years, [illegible] have recently [illegible] their leading missionary there, Pastor Brodbeck, who has labored very successfully on the eastern coast of the island. From Greenland the Moravians are now also trying to extend their labors to Alaska, and systematic work will be commenced there with the new year.

The Origin of Petroleum.

[New York Commercial Advertiser.]

As to the origin of petroleum scientific men are by no means agreed. In the early part of American oil mining the [illegible] much debated was whether it was of animal or vegetable origin, or both. Of late, however, a theory has been started that the oil is not due to the storage of organic remains under the surface, but that it originated from chemical combinations of carbon and hydrogen in the interior of the earth. This view of the subject has been taken up in consequence of petroleum having been found in such large masses as almost to preclude the idea of its origin in animal or vegetable deposit. If this be true, it is probable that the oil exists in still larger quantities than any which have yet been observed.

Warm Water Irrigation.

[Chicago Journal.]

A curious experiment has lately been made at [illegible], Italy, by the proprietor of some baths there. This gentleman has at his disposal an inexhaustible supply of hot water from a natural spring, the temperature being 167 degrees Fahrenheit. The surplus not required for the baths has been diverted so as to flow through pipes to a garden on the outskirts of the town. Here the warm liquid flows beneath a number of forcing frames containing melons, tomatoes, asparagus and other garden produce. The result is that a supply of these delicacies is ready for market at a very early period of the year, when, therefore, they fetch high prices.

The man whose rule of life is policy never knows the glow or the glory of honest enthusiasm.

## ARMY HONOR A MYTH.

Army Officers Placed in a False Position—The Life They Live.

[Washington Cor. Chicago Tribune.]

So called army honor is a myth. That is to say, there is no higher sense of honor among the army officers as a class than there is among people of equal education and position in other occupations of life. I doubt if there is as much. The truth of it is, the army officers are placed in a false position through the attentions paid them by society. An army officer comes to Washington and he is invited everywhere and is called upon to associate with people who have plenty of money. As a natural result he soon becomes involved financially. A man who feels the sharp pressure of debt cannot always [illegible] the luxury of indulging in the most rigid ideas of what is strictly [illegible] None of them have any better pay than the department and [illegible] clerks. Yet these officers live at the best hotels as a general thing, have carriages, dress well, and are seen everywhere. The department clerks, who have equal salaries, live in the back rooms of cheap boarding houses, wear shabby clothes, and never go in society.

A second lieutenant has $1,[illegible], a first lieutenant $1,[illegible], that is, if he is mounted. An unmounted first lieutenant gets $1,500. A captain not mounted is paid $1,[illegible], a captain mounted has $[illegible]. It will be seen that up to the grade of captain officers rank with the department clerks so far as salary goes. When you get above captain you strike the salaries paid to the chiefs of bureaus. A major is paid $2,[illegible], a lieutenant colonel $3,000, a colonel $3,500. It is only when you reach the rank of brigadier general that the pay of a senator or member is reached. A brigadier general is paid $[illegible], a major general $[illegible], and the lieutenant general $[illegible] per annum.

There is no one who can live comfortably in Washington and keep house and maintain any sort of social footing upon less than $[illegible] a year, and in such a [illegible] as that the most rigid economy would have to be practiced. It would not be possible to do any entertaining. Ten thousand dollars a year would not be much more than give one a modest position in the list of those who entertain. The rates at all of the hotels in Washington are high, yet it will be found that officers whose pay is not large enough to pay any regular board bills at the hotels always live in such places, and it has never been discovered that they deny themselves any of the comforts or luxuries of life.

It has always been a mystery how a lieutenant with a salary of $[illegible] a month, or a captain with $[illegible] a month, can live in Washington as they do even when they are single, and when many of them support families and the bar[illegible] [illegible] and have no rich relatives back of them the marvel still increases. Nearly all of the army men belong to a number of clubs. There is not an officer in town that does not belong to the Army and Navy German club. This gives a number of entertainments during the season. The assessment must take at least one month's pay during a short social season. A number of the officers belong to the Metropolitan club. The initiation fee is $[illegible] and the annual dues are [illegible] more. Cards are played for stakes at this club, and those who regularly visit the club would hardly expect to avoid spending $[illegible] or $[illegible] each day at least in the way of refreshments or moderate amusement.

A New Use for the Frog.

[illegible]

A new use for the frog has been discovered. A medical correspondent of the Lancet says that, finding the treatment of granulating wounds by skin grafting in country practice liable to fall into disuse through the unwilling[ness] of patients to part with the little [illegible] of skin necessary, he has lately been induced to try experiments with other substances as a substitute for human grafts. As the outcome of these experiments he finds that bits of skin from a [illegible] frog make grafts which admirably answer all purposes, forming a source of supply always at hand in the country, except during the winter months, and being easily applied on account of their uniformity in thickness, and necessitating no pain to suffering humanity.

The skin of a single frog yields grafts for an enormous extent of surface, and preserves its vitality so long that, if the patient is at a distance, the portion of skin required can be carried by the surgeon in his pocket for an hour or more without injury, provided it is wrapped in gutta percha or other waterproof tissue to prevent drying. The frog is so extensively used for experimental purposes by surgical savants that the appropriation of its skin for the convenience of human beings whose own skins require renewal is not a proceeding to which it can reasonably object, more especially as it is decapitated before being thus utilized. The public, however, would be interested to hear a little more about these frog-grafts before adopting them generally. Does the skin of the frog when grafted retain its peculiarities? The point is of some importance, as the appearance of a person in a speckled frog skin would hardly be prepossessing. May not frog grafting also lead to an increase of bodily [illegible]?

Eccentric "Fireballs."

[illegible]

A few years ago Dr. Tripe was watching a very severe thunder storm, when he saw a fireball come quietly gliding up to him apparently rising from the earth rather than falling toward it. Instead of running away, like a practical man, the intrepid doctor held his ground quietly and observed the fiery monster with scientific nonchalance. After continuing its course for some time in a peaceful and regular fashion, however, without attempting to assault him, it finally darted off at a tangent in another direction, and turned apparently into forked lightning.

A fireball, noticed among the Glen [illegible] mountains in Donegal, behaved even more eccentrically, as might be expected from its Irish antecedents. It [illegible] from the earth in a leisurely way, first skirted the earth in a leisurely way for several hundred yards like a cannon ball; then it struck the ground, ricocheted, and once more bounded along for another short spell, after which it disappeared in the boggy soil, as if it were completely finished and done for. But in another moment it rose again, nothing daunted, with Celtic irrepressibility, several yards away, pursued its ghostly course across a running stream (which shows, at least, there could have been no witchcraft in it), and finally ran to earth for good in the opposite bank, leaving a round hole in the sloping peat at the spot where it buried itself. Where it first struck it cut the peat as if with a knife and made a broad, deep trench which remained afterward as a witness of its eccentric conduct.

Bill Arp on Education.

[Atlanta Constitution.]

Well, I do love these old fashioned honest darkeys; I love them for their dependence and their trust in us. I wouldn't defraud one out of his just dues for the amount of profit or gain. I had rather overpay them underpay him. But I have no consideration for these educated upstarts who swell around and talk big about equality. Well, as to that, I haven't any more respect for lazy supercilious white folks. Education spoils lots of folks, both white and black. Just about half the college boys ought to be in the cornfield now, they are no account. Well, I don't mean to say that the cornfield wants no-account men, but I mean to say that the college spoils a good cornfield man. When he was at home on the farm he was fitten to do something. But as Sam Jones says he went off to college and now he ain't fitten to get fitten.

The Leader and His Baton.

[Exchange.]

"What amused me most at the opera," said an Arab chief, who had been taken to hear "Faust," "was one of the musicians in the orchestra, seated a little higher than the rest, who performed on the invisible instrument with a stick."

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

A GENEROUS father—Government pap.

BEWARE of imitations, pretended cures and specifics, and spurious preparations. Take only Hunt's [Kidney and Liver] Remedy.

A SISTER of Commodore Vanderbilt died recently.

HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] Remedy has been used over thirty years, and saved thousands from lingering disease and death.

GUM babies don't have to buy their chewing gum.

ELY'S Cream Balm cured me of Catarrh of many years standing—restored my sense of smell. For colds in the head it works like magic.—E. H. Sherwood, National State Bank, Elizabeth, N. J. Easy to use. See adv.

THE Alleghenys turn out well in their sweet "[illegible]."

AYER'S Cathartic Pills are the best medicine that can be employed to correct irregularities of the stomach and bowels. Gentle, yet thorough, in their action, they cure constipation, stimulate the digestive organs and the appetite, and cleanse, build up, and strengthen the system.

PRINCE KRAPOTKINE and Louis Michel will not be pardoned.

I CAN safely recommend Ely's Cream Balm for the cure of Catarrh, Cold in the Head, etc. Before I have used the first bottle I purchased I find myself cured. At times I could scarcely smell anything and had a headache most of the time.—Henry Lilly, Agent for the American Express Co., Grand Haven, Mich. Price 50 cts.

FRENCH Consuls are declining in Egypt. Declining to remain.

WHEN sickness or depression comes do not buy "tonic bitters." It is better to die of disease than drunkenness. Buy a bottle of "Favorite Remedy" and cleanse the system. The great multitude of human ills have their foundation in impure blood. Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" attacks these at the fountain's head and makes the stream of life pure. One dollar per bottle. All druggists sell it. Dr. David Kennedy, Proprietor, Rondout, N. Y.

FRANCE thinks she has an opportunity to trounce *perfide Albion*.

Clear and Beautiful.

After using Hamilton's Oriental Balm, the skin will have a fresh, clear and beautiful appearance. Entirely free from Tan, Freckles, and all Blemishes. It is so perfectly harmless that it cannot fail to please the most fastidious. We recommend it to all the ladies. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

NO running meeting will be held at Hazelwood Park this season.

Worse Than Heathen.

Are those parents who allow their children to suffer with Worms when 25 cents will buy a box of Parmelee's Santonine Worm Candies which will immediately cure the child and remove the worms by dissolving them. Do you know the symptoms? Peevishness, Sudden Starting in Sleep, bad breath, great desire for food day and night. Be wise and have nothing to regret. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

ALLAN O. MYERS is trying to be the Mahdi of the Ohio Legislature.

Drive Dull Care Away.

Be cheerful, be pleasant, be happy, be healthy. Health is Wealth. Use Parmelee's Blood Purifier, it acts upon the Liver and Kidneys, it regulates the bowels and purifies the blood, it acts upon the digestion, it carries off the old blood and makes new, and is acquiring a great reputation for the cure of Scrofulous Affections, Boils, Pimples, Ulcers, and all Skin Diseases. $1.00 per bottle. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

SALOON keepers think Sheriff sale is not a good thing to have on hand.

Ward off the first Attack

Of any disease and you need never fear a dangerous condition. If those who are troubled with Dyspepsia, Headache, Dizziness, Pains in Side and Back, Constipation, Excessive Flow of Urine, Insatiable Thirst, Lack of Circulation of Blood, would use Parmelee's Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Kidney and Liver Cure they would not be in constant fear of sickness, for they not only cure Diabetes, Bright's Disease, &c., but prevent them by removing the first symptoms. Large bottles $1.00. Sold by A. B. Armstrong and E. B. McCoy.

THE health of Colonel Lamont is improving. He has overworked himself.

Young Lady at Boarding School.

At some of the French boarding schools in Paris, the girls are fed on weak soup, two or three degrees stronger than hot water; meat, from which nearly all the nourishment is extracted by boiling; coarse veal, watery carrots, and gray, sour bread. The young lady who comes home after a few terms of this sort of diet may be very learned, but is pale and poor looking, lacking vigor and health. Give her Brown's Iron Bitters—the best in the world for young ladies with impoverished blood—and bring the roses into her cheeks.

PATTI bade the New Yorkers farewell. She will be off to Europe soon.

Remarkable Cures, from Dennis' Blood Liver and Kidney Cure.

Ho! Every one that needeth a good vegetable blood purifier before calling for a doctor, or trying any of the patent medicines, follow the example of others in using Dennis' Home Remedies.

Testimonials.

DUKE, Pa., March 14, 1885.—G. T. Dennis, Dear Sir:—Since using one bottle of your great blood medicine I have gained 15lbs. My health is better than it has been for years. JNO. J. BARNES.

SMETHPORT, Pa., Dear Sir:—I have taken two bottles of your Liver and Kidney Cure and it has done wonders for me, and I am very thankful for it.

MRS. W. H. DANFORTH.

At E. B. McCoy's Drug Store in Smethport or send to G. T. Dennis, proprietor and manufacturer Eldred, Pa.

THE Gladstone Government was defeated on the Irish Registration bill.

Downright Cruelty.

To permit yourself and family to
"Suffer!"
With sickness when it can be prevented
and cured so easily
With Hop Bitters!!!

Having experienced a great deal of
"Trouble!" from indigestion, so much
that I came near losing my
Life!
My trouble always came after eating
any food—
However light
And digestible,
For two or three hours at a time I had
to go through the most
Excruciating pains,
"And the only way I ever got"
"Relief!"
Was by throwing up all my stomach
contained. No one can conceive the
pains that I had to go through, until
"At last!"
I was taken! "So that for weeks I
lay in bed and
Could eat nothing!
My sufferings were so that I called two
doctors to give me something that would
stop the pain; their
Efforts were no good to me.
At last I heard a good deal
"About your Hop Bitters!"
And determined to try them."
Got a bottle—in four hours I took the
contents of
One!
Next day I was out of bed, and have
not seen a
"Sick"
Hour, from the same cause, since.
I have recommended it to hundreds of
others.
You have no such
"Advocate as I am."—Geo. Kendall,
Allston, Boston, Mass.

Columbus Advocate, Texas, April 21, '85. Dear Editor:—I have tried your Hop Bitters, and find they are good for any complaint. The best medicine I ever used in my family.

H. TALCHER.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

SALVATION OIL, the celebrated American remedy for cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, chilblains, &c., can be had of all druggists. It kills pain. Price only twenty-five cents a bottle.

EDISON'S mother calls his electric light her son's shine.

WHITE Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment, for hard and feverish hoofs. Sold by H. C. Wells. Price 35 cts.

THAT hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it.

WILL you suffer with dyspepsia and liver complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you.

SLEEPLESS nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you.

CATARRH cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 c. Nasal injector free.

FOR lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents.

SHILOH'S Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption.

SHILOH'S Vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle.

CROUP, whooping cough and bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure.

"YES," he said, "before marriage I thought I could live on love. I am now living on my father-in-law."

Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore throat, Hoarseness. Troches 15 c. Liquid 25c.

"Rough on Rats," clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by "Well's Health Renewer."

Ask for Well's "Rough on Corns," 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Rough on Pain" Porused Plaster; strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

Thin People. "Well's Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, headache, nervousness, debility. $1.

Whooping Cough and the many throat affections of children, promptly, pleasantly and safely relieved by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

Mothers, if you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver. If you are losing your grip on life, try "Well's Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Toothache." Instant relief for neuralgia, toothache, faceache. Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15 and 25c.

Pretty Women. Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity. Don't fail to try "Well's Health Renewer."

Catarrhal throat affections, hacking coughs, colds, sore throat, cured by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15 c. Liquid 25c.

"Rough on Itch," cures humors, eruptions, ring-worm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

While awake three or four hours every night coughing. Get immediate relief and sound rest by using Well's "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

## BLANK PRINTING.

*THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a speciality of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICE'S, CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.*

**PATENTS**

obtained, and all PATENT BUSINESS at home or abroad attended to for MODERATE FEES.

Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send Model or Drawing. We advise as to patentability free of charge; and we charge no fee unless Patent Allowed.

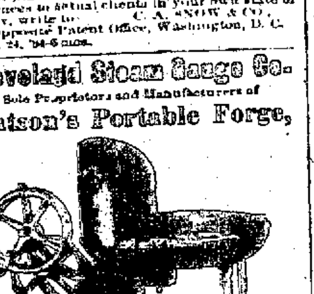
We refer, here, to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms, and references to actual clients in your own state or county, write to C. A. SNOW & CO., Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Oct. 24, '84-6 mos.

**Cleveland Steam Gauge Co.**

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of

**Watson's Portable Forge,**



Watson's Forge Blower. Watson's Barrel Filler.

**Holt's Patent Steam Gauges**

For Locomotives and Stationary Engines.

[illegible] Spring Balances. Test Pumps and Test Gauges.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND PRICE LIST.

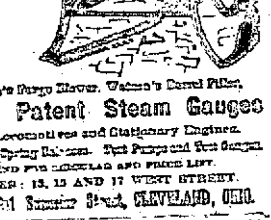
WORKS: 13, 15 AND 17 WEST STREET.

No. [illegible] Summit Street, CLEVELAND, OHIO.

1844. FORTY YEARS SUCCESS. 1884.

WE STAND AT THE HEAD. 1,200,000 Home Sewing Machines in actual use.

**Our Latest Success.**


An Entirely New.
High Arm.

**Easy Running Sewing Machine**

With the continued manufacture and experience of Forty years, the Home Company now offer a machine superior to any and all others. It combines every requisite: Has High Arm; is Light Running; Automatic; Strength; Beautiful in Finish; Perfect in Workmanship; Perfect Stitch; Self-Threading Shuttle; Unequaled Tensions; Easiest to Operate; The most room under the Arm and so perfectly balanced. It is without Vibration. It is the finest set of Attachments for family sewing, which are put up in a velvet lined box. Its woodwork is of Finest styles and latest designs. It is a household treasure. If we are not already represented, we WANT AN AGENT IN YOUR COUNTY. Write us for catalogue of terms and prices. Send and buy a sample machine and introduce it to your friends. We do not say you can make a fortune in a short time, but you can do a fair, square, honest living. Mention this paper when you write. Address THE HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

No. 4, Smith St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**MEN and WOMEN AGENTS WANTED**

To sell choice Nursery Stock. The finest new Grapes, Roses, Vines and Trees. No inferior stock sold. Applicants must give first-class references as to character. Good Salary and Expenses Paid. OUTFIT FREE. *No experience needed.* JAMES E. WHITNEY, (NURSERYMAN,) Rochester, N. Y.

Name this paper.

## FREEZING BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

How Refrigerators Are Kept Cool by the Side of Blazing Ranges.

[New York Sun.]

"Here you will find a good example of the successful application of our refrigerating system," said a friend to a reporter the other day, as they were standing in the lower kitchen in one of the new big up-town hotels. The reporter followed the direction of his friend's gesture, and saw something which struck him as very remarkable, indeed—a refrigerator standing between two large ranges. Fires were glowing, meats were simmering and gravies sputtering, and the almost intolerable heat made the idea of a refrigerator between the ranges seem ridiculous. The reporter expressed an opinion to that effect.

"Come and see for yourself," said his friend. "You won't find a particle of ice in it. You could use ice, but it would melt so fast that you'd have to keep a man at work replenishing it all the time. We keep it cool without ice."

With these words he threw open the door of the refrigerator. It was packed with meats, game, and other viands which need to be kept in a cool place. The space generally given over to ice was utilized for the edibles. The ceiling of the refrigerator attracted the reporter's attention. It was of a beautiful uneven whiteness, like frosted silver.

"Put your arm in the box," said his friend. The reporter thrust his arm in up to the elbow. The half of his arm in the kitchen was roasting between the two ranges, while the other half in the refrigerator felt as though it were in a winter atmosphere.

"Now touch the ceiling."

As the reporter brought his fingers in contact with the white ceiling of the refrigerator they sunk into a soft mass of frost crystals until they stopped at what seemed a coil of pipe.

"Through that coil," said his friend, "we send the cooling agent. Every one of our pipes is encrusted as with snow. Now come to the bar."

The bar seemed furnished with an ordinary back bar, but on opening various compartments they were seen to be filled with bottles, and the ceilings were frosted like those of the refrigerator. The bartender said they would keep their cocktails ready made in bottles, and have them cool without cracked ice, and frappe their champagne ad libitum. From the bar the reporter visited the meat, game, poultry, and fish store-rooms, which were huge refrigerators with frosted ceilings. The air, while cool, was remarkably dry, not a drop falling from the snowy coating of the pipes. Amid all the heat of many ranges stood large refrigerators filled with butter, milk, eggs, and other viands.

"This is where we freeze the drinking water in carafes," said the reporter's friend, leading him into another room. In the room was a trough and in it 150 carafes of water freezing in a temperature of about fifteen degrees. The superintendent said they froze about 2,000 carafes a day, transferring them from the trough to refrigerators, which lined the sides of the room. Next door was the wine cellar, similarly arranged. All these rooms and refrigerators were, by appliances for diminishing or increasing the flow of the cooling agent, kept at varying degrees of temperature, according to the needs of the articles.

"Now," said the reporter's friend, "I will show you where this arctic agent is generated, and how it is sent over the length and breadth of several floors of this house." The reporter was led into a corner of the yard which had been partitioned off. There he found a couple of small pumps at work, machinery, and several standing vessels which looked like boilers encased in wood. "This is a novel application of the absorption system," said his friend. "It consists in an appliance which enables us to use the same material over and over again, so that we can refrigerate on very economical terms. In this generator," touching one of the standing vessels, "we put common commercial ammonium hydrate. Next it is rectified and turned into liquid form and then flashed into gas. The gas surrounds coils of pipe filled with brine, whose heat it absorbs before the brine is pumped into the refrigerating closets. A novel appliance then sends back 75 per cent. of pure gas to the cooler and the remaining 25 per cent. to the generator."

A Terrible Midnight Duel.

["The Field of Honor."]

James Jackson, of Georgia, who had been and afterward was a United States senator, was the challenged party. He was an Englishman by birth. He killed Lieutenant Governor Wells, of Georgia, in 1780, in a duel, and he finally determined to accept a challenge on such terms as would make it his last duel.

So, upon his next challenge, which was from Col. R. Watkins, also from Georgia, he prescribed as the terms that each party, armed with a doubled barrelled gun loaded with buckshot and with a hunting knife, should row himself in a skiff to designated points on the opposite sides of the Savannah river. When the city clock struck 12 each should row his skiff to a small island in the middle of the river, which was wooded and covered with underbrush. On arriving at the island each was to moor his skiff, stand about for ten minutes, and then go about the island until the meeting took place.

The seconds waited on the mainland until after 1 o'clock, when they heard three gun-shots and loud and angry cries; then all was still. At daylight, as had been agreed on, the seconds went to the island, and found Jackson lying on the ground insensible from the loss of blood, and his antagonist lying across him dead. Jackson recovered, but would never relate his experience on the island, nor was he ever challenged again. He died in Washington City while serving his second term as senator, March 19, 1806.

Right Way to Grow Old.

[Philadelphia Times "Sketches."]

You find men in all the walks of life that have long since outlived their usefulness, and with decaying minds and bodies hang on to place and power until they are crowded out by death or the demands of a long-suffering constituency. Henry Clay, Andrew Jackson, John C. Calhoun, William H. Seward, and a long line of great characters were getting close to the line when their time came. We have some pretty fresh examples in the political life of the present day and more of them are fast coming on.

Simon Cameron is about the only man I have ever known to quit public life while he was still able to deal with the world. It has been something more than ten years since he went out of the senate and voluntarily retired to his country home to spend the balance of his days in enjoying the best pleasures of old age. He has traveled 8,000 or 10,000 miles a year ever since and devoted himself to his friends and to his own comfort. He loves young company. In health, spirit and ambition he is not over 40, although he is turning 86. He seeks men of his own spirit and with blood warm enough to make them see the rosy side of life. He hasn't a single characteristic of an old man about him and I have often heard him say:

"The secret of life is to keep moving. Men grow old only when they sit down long enough to get rusty. I want to live just as long as I can be happy. When I reach the point when my friends, standing on the corners and seeing me come up the street, say, 'Let's get on the other side, there comes that old fool,' I want to die. Men make a great mistake in this life by holding on to any position after they have lost their grip and their company has become unpleasant to their associates."

Sacrificed His Anchor.

[Philadelphia Public Ledger.]

A sea captain's anchor caught in an Atlantic cable and he deliberately sacrificed his anchor. He deserves the reward he is to receive—a gold chronometer watch suitably inscribed. But it may not do to make this a continuing reward, or fishing for the cable may become a recognized industry.

MISCELLANEOUS.

## CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

## CENTAUR LINIMENT

An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

"THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME."

COPYRIGHTED 1877

Illustrated by the use of a Buggy made by T. T. Haydock, which is not only the Leading Buggy in this picture, but THE LEADING BUGGY OF AMERICA. Has Haydock's Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Ask your dealer for the T. T. HAYDOCK BUGGY, with the Haydock Safety King Bolt and Fifth Wheel. Life is insecure riding over any other.

This picture will be furnished on a large card, printed in elegant style, to anyone who will agree to frame it. [ENCLOSE STAMP.]

Send for Catalogue and Wholesale Price List.

T. T. HAYDOCK, Cor. Plum and Twelfth Sts., CINCINNATI, O.

AGENTS WANTED WHERE WE HAVE NONE! NO INVESTMENT SO PROFITABLE!

Estey Organ Co. Brattleboro Vt.

ESTEY

ESTEY ORGAN

When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

## CATARRH IN THE HEAD,

Bronchitis, Catarrh of the Stomach (Dyspepsia), the early stages of Consumption, Asthma, Hay Fever and all diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS CURED by a new and SUCCESSFUL SYSTEM.

**Not a douche, snuff, nor patent medicine.**

Each case is treated according to the symptoms, what will cure one case may be worthless in another. Result of [illegible] years' experience. If you are a sufferer you cannot afford to let this pass, you should at least investigate. Treatment both internal, which destroys the germs in the blood; and external, which is a grand discovery in the healing art, so simple and yet so sure. Remedies are all pleasant [illegible] [illegible]

**SEEDS —AND— PLANTS.**

**PETER HENDERSON & Co.,**

35 & 37 CORTLANDT ST. NEW YORK.

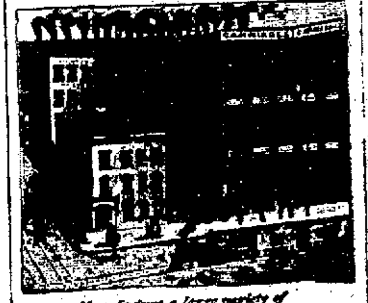
OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF "EVERYTHING FOR THE GARDEN," full of valuable cultural directions, containing three colored plates, and embracing everything NEW and RARE in SEEDS and PLANTS, will be mailed on receipt of stamps to cover postage (6 cents.) To customers of last season sent FREE without application.

**$200,000** in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & CO. Portland, Maine. 52ly.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

THE

**D.W. Miller Carriage Co.**



*Manufacture a large variety of*

LIGHT and HEAVY CARRIAGES, PHAETONS, CARTS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, &C.,

After the most approved designs at the very lowest prices consistent with good workmanship.

—50,000 vehicles—

of our manufacture are now in use in this and foreign countries and attest the excellence of our goods by the universal satisfaction which they give.—Every vehicle is WARRANTED.—Special attention will be given to mail orders.

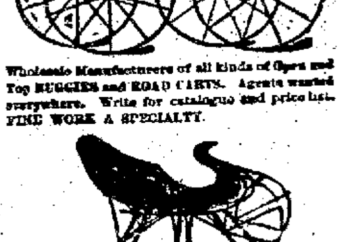
CATALOGUES FREE.

D. W. Miller Carriage Co., E. Fifth St., Culvert St. and Eggleston Ave., CINCINNATI, O.

**Michigan Buggy Co.**

KALAMAZOO, Mich.

Wholesale Manufacturers of all kinds of Open and Top BUGGIES and ROAD CARTS. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for catalogue and price list. FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.



We also manufacture a full line of CUTTERS, including Swell Body, Portland, Surrey, and two seat Portland and Pony Sleighs.

Send for cuts and prices before purchasing.

MICHIGAN BUGGY CO., KALAMAZOO, Mich.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect April 5, 1885.

Daily Except Sunday.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION, EASTWARD.

8:50, a. m.—Day Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., New York 9:25 p. m., Baltimore 6:55 p. m., Washington, 8:25 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

8:50 p. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 8:25 a. m., New York 11:20 a. m., Baltimore 8:20 a. m., Washington 9:25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

11:15 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:30 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:40 a. m., Baltimore 7:30 a. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 7:10 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 11:15 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

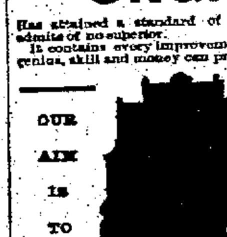
CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

THE

## CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.



OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.

EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental, and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Corner Randolph and Ann Streets, CHICAGO, ILL.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect [illegible]

| NORTHWARD. | | | | STATIONS. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| p. m. | p. m. | a. m. | a. m. | |
| 7 00 | [illegible] | [illegible] | 8 40 | Buffalo |
| 6 15 | [illegible] | [illegible] | 7 51 | East Aurora |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | 7 17 | Sardinia Jun |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | 7 12 | Arcade |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Machias |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | 6 30 | Franklinville |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | 6 00 | Hinsdale |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | 5 30 | Olean |
| 2 15 | 8 00 | | | Bradford |
| p. m. | a. m. | a. m. | Lv. | Ar. |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | | | Portville |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | | | Eldred |
| [illegible] | 9 53 | | | Larrabees |
| 2 40 | 9 28 | | | Port Allegany |
| 1 45 | 8 25 | | | Emporium |
| p. m. | a. m. | | Lv. | Ar. |
| a. m. | | | | |
| 3 30 | | | | Harrisburg |
| [illegible] | | | | Philadelphia |
| 8 00 | | | | New York |
| [illegible] | | | | Baltimore |
| 10 00 | | | | Washington |
| P. m. | a. m. | | Lv. | Ar. |

Sunday Trains.—Leave Buffalo [illegible], arrive Olean 7.15 p. m., leave Olean [illegible], arrive Buffalo 10.00 a. m. stop [illegible] stations.

Northw'd. ROCHESTER DIVISION.

| p. m. | a. m. | a. m. | Stations |
|---|---|---|---|
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Rochester |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 8 47 | Terminal |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Genesee Junc |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Scottsville |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Avon |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Fowlerville |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | York |
| [illegible] | 9 55 | 7 22 | Cuylerville |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 7 10 | Mt Morris |
| [illegible] | 9 23 | [illegible] | Tuscarora |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 6 40 | Junction |
| [illegible] | 8 46 | a. m. | Portage |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | | Warsaw |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | | Fillmore |
| [illegible] | 8 02 | | Caneadea |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | | Belfast |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | | Cuba |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | | Hinsdale |
| [illegible] | 6 45 | | Olean |
| p. m. | a. m. | Lv | Ar |

[illegible] 9 [illegible] 6 [illegible] lv Nunda ar [illegible]

[illegible] Swaines ar [illegible]

CLERMONT BRANCH.

| Lv Northw'd | | STATIONS. |
|---|---|---|
| P. M. | A. M. | |
| 3.10 | 9.50 | Larrabees |
| 2.57 | [illegible] | Frisbee |
| 2.42 | [illegible] | Farmers Valley |
| 2.32 | 8 40 | Smethport |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Crosby |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Colegrove |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Hamlin |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Wernwag |
| [illegible] | 7.00 | Clermont |
| P. M. | A. M. | |

Narrow Gauge System.—Trains leave for Bradford 8.00, 11.00 a. m., [illegible] p. m. [illegible] Olean 9.45 a. m., [illegible] for Bradford 7.50, 11.35 a. m., [illegible] Eldred 9.40 a. m., [illegible] for Kinzua 7.00, 10.00 a. m. [illegible] arrive Bradford 11.50 a. m., [illegible] day Trains.—Leave Olean [illegible] 11.00 a. m.

Trains are run on Eastern Time.

Pullman Sleeping Cars between [illegible] Philadelphia, Baltimore and W[illegible] trains leaving Buffalo at 2.30 p. m. [illegible] Buffalo 7.00 p. m.

Tickets sold and baggage checked [illegible] principal points.

Get Time Tables giving full information [illegible] Company's Agents.

GEO. S. GATCHELL, Gen'l Supt.

J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. P. [illegible] & T[illegible] No. 41, Exchange St. Buf[illegible]

THE ERIE NARROW GAUGE SYST[EM] BRADFORD BORDELL & KINZUA R[AIL]ROAD, and BRADFORD, ELDRED [&] [illegible] RAILROAD. Takes effect [illegible]

| | | | STATIONS. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 00 | 1 05 | 9 35 | ar Bradford lv |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Kenzua Jn |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Aiken |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Simpson |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Sne Hoot[illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Rew City |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Rixford |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Duke Centre |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Eldred |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Bolivar Mills |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Ceres |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Little Genesee |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Bolivar |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Allentown |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | ar Wellsville lv |
| p.m. | a.m. | | |

| p.m. | a.m. | N. Y. L. E. & W. RR. |
|---|---|---|
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Hornellsville |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Corning |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Elmira |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | Binghampton |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | New York |
| p.m. | p.m. | |

Sunday Trains leave Smethport at [illegible] arriving at Bradford at 11.10 a. m. [illegible] leave Bradford at 2.30 p. m. arriving [illegible] port at 4.00 p. m.

B. C. WILLIAMS, Gen. Manager. JNO. C. McKEN[NA], Gen'l P[illegible]

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect Jan[illegible]

| Westward. | | Stations. |
|---|---|---|
| 28 | 26 | |
| p.m. | a.m. | |
| [illegible] | 9 07 | Ar.......Cuba.......Lv. |
| 1 45 | 7 25 | Lv. Little Genesee ar |
| 1 15 | 7 10 | Bolivar |

B. C. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Ma[nager]. JNO. C. McKENNA, G. P. A.

ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG R[AILROAD]. New Time Table, take effect Monday [illegible] 17, 1884.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

| EASTWARD. | | | STATIONS. Eastern Time. | WESTWARD |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Acc. | Mail | Exp | | Mail |
| a.m. | p.m. | p.m. | | |
| [illegible] | 9 20 | 12 47 | ar Rochester lv | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Scottsville | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Mumford | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 11 45 | Leroy | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | Pavillion | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 11 15 | Wyoming | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | 11 00 | Warsaw | [illegible] |
| 7 35 | [illegible] | 10 45 | Silver Lake Jun | [illegible] |
| 7 15 | [illegible] | 10 32 | Gainesville | [illegible] |
| a.m. | [illegible] | [illegible] | Pike | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | [illegible] | Bliss | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | 9 32 | Farmersville | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | 9 14 | Machias | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | [illegible] | Ashford | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | 8 58 | Ellicottville | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | 8 37 | Bradford June | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | 8 10 | Salamanca | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Carrollton | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Limestone | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Bradford | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Custer City | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Johnsonburg Jun | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Ridgway | [illegible] |
| | 10.25 | | Little Toby | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Brockwayville | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Falls Creek | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | DuBois | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Sykes | [illegible] |
| | [illegible] | | Big Run | [illegible] |
| | 8 05 | | Punxsutawney | [illegible] |
| | 8 00 | | Clayville ar | [illegible] |
| | a.m. | | | p.m. |

BUFFALO DIVISION.

| EASTWARD. | | STATIONS. | West |
|---|---|---|---|
| Exp | Mail Exp | | Mail |
| a.m. | p.m. | | a.m. |
| 6 40 | 7 25 | Ar Buffalo Lv | [illegible] |
| | | William St. Dep | [illegible] |
| 6 47 | 6 50 | Orchard Park | [illegible] |
| 7 14 | 6 37 | West Falls | [illegible] |
| 9 00 | [illegible] | Golden | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | 6 12 | Springville | [illegible] |
| 9 44 | 5 33 | West Valley | [illegible] |
| 10 39 | 5 15 | Ashford | [illegible] |
| a.m. | p.m. | | a.m. |

Trains leaving Buffalo make direct connections at Ashford with all trains on the [Roches]ter Division for all points east and west.

The Express trains connect at B[illegible] N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for points east, w[illegible] M. S. R. R., Michigan Central R. R., [illegible] Trunk, for all points in Michigan and [illegible] Salamanca with N. Y. P. & O. R. R. [illegible] and Erie R. R. for the east. The Trains leaving Buffalo connect at S[illegible] with N. Y. P. & O. and Erie railroads east and west; at Bradford with Narrow [Gauge] system for all points in oil Region, [John]sonburg for all points on the P. & E. R. R. afternoon Express from Buffalo [illegible] Falls Creek with A. V. R. R. for Pittsburgh points east and west. Passengers [illegible] through for Buffalo and Rochester [illegible] state stations, should take the Allegheny R. R. train leaving Union depot, Pitt[sburgh] 8:30 p.m. Buffalo passengers take A[illegible] R. R. for William Street depot.

Connections for east and west [at] Rochester with the New York Central [&] River R. R.; and at Salamanca with [N. Y.] P. & O. R. R. for Jamestown, [illegible] nati, Chicago and the west, also [illegible] R. for Hornellsville, and eastern [illegible] Bradford with the Narrow Gauge S[ystem] points in the oil regions; at Ridgway [P. & E.] R. R. for Emporium, Williamsport, [Philadel]phia and Baltimore; at Falls Creek [with Alle]gheny Valley R. R. for Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the west a[illegible]

J. S. EMERY, Gen'l Passenger Ag[ent].

JAS. T. GARDNER, Gen'l Su[pt].

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLE[GANY] Railroad Time Table, takes effect M[illegible] 1, 1884.

| AR. | EASTW'D. | STATIONS. |
|---|---|---|
| M. | P.M. | |
| 7.16 | 1.10 | Coudersport |
| 7.12 | 1.05 | Hammonds |
| 7.04 | 12.58 | Olmsted |
| 6.59 | 12.53 | Nelsons |
| 6.52 | 12.46 | Knowlton |
| 6.44 | 12.38 | Roulette |
| 6.40 | 12.33 | Pomeroy Bridge |
| 6.32 | 12.25 | Burtville |
| 6.25 | 12.18 | Silver Spring |
| 6.19 | 12.12 | Coleman |
| 6.12 | 12.05 | Port Allegany |

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCl[illegible]

SALESM[EN] WANTED to canvass f[or] the sale of Nursery Stock! St[illegible] guaranteed. SALARY and EXP[ENSES] Apply at once. (Refer to this pa[per].) [illegible] CHASE BROS. Roches[ter]